Today

Heine, Angel and Imp. His Red Haired Inspiration. A Fight for Freedom.

—By Arthur Brisbane

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THIS is about Heinrich Heine, greatest literary genius of the Jewish race; in his special line, greatest poet of any race.

If deep patriotism turns you from a German name, know that the Hohenzollerns hated Heine more bitterly than you hated any Hohenzollern.

Human beings are a dull, level plain. In the background, a few mountain peaks. Heine is one of the peaks. Not to know him and his work gives you every right to call yourself uneducated.

Heine was born with the last century. His father was a happy-go-lucky man, fond of music, not practical. His father's brother Solomon, the banker, was one of the richest men in Germany.

His mother was the daughter of an able Jewish physician, Dr. Simon Von Geldern. From his father, who played the flute assiduously, Heine got the romance in his nature. From his highly intelligent mother he inherited his brain power, intense love of freedom and wit. The mother was Jewish, but not exactly orthodox. She described herself as "a philosophical debt of Voltaire's school." That was the start of the young thinker and poet, told by his mother in childhood. "Reason is the sole arbiter in the puzzle of religious and other beliefs."

Heine was recognized as one of the great poets of Germany when a mere boy. At thirty he was called "second only to Goethe," but exactly pleasing to Goethe, who said of Heine after the young man had called at Weimar, "Heine has all gifts except love."

Let your children learn by heart many of Heine's songs; for in stance, the eight beautiful lines that begin:

"Ein fichtenbaum steht einsam,"

"A pine tree standeth lonely.

On a far Northland height,
It stumbereth, while around it
The snow falls thick and white;
And of a palm it dreameth,
That, in a Southern land,
Lonely and silent standeth
Amid the scorching sand."

Many of Heine's songs have been set to music by German musicians worthy of the task. All children should be taught to recite and sing, "On Wings of Song," "When I Look in Thine Eyes," "Lay Thy Cheek Against My Cheek," "The Lorelei," and others.

Heine was baptized in the Lutheran Christian Church much against his will and baptized "Harry," an added horror, although it reads "Heinrich" on his tomb. He consented to be baptized because Prussian law would not allow a Jew to practice law without it. The baptism of that otherwise great poet distressed many Jews, proud of their ancient faith, but it need not.

Heine was never a first-class Christian. He said:

"I consider it a degradation and a stain upon my honor to submit to baptism to qualify myself for state employment in Prussia." Heine got even with the Hohenzollerns on every occasion, and did it thoroughly.

Pressure by his rich uncle, Solomon, who didn't want to support a nephew, sent Heine into the law via baptism.

That practical uncle, who lives in history, thanks to the nephew, used to say: "If Heinrich had amounted to anything he wouldn't have been driven to make books for a living."

Heine never took the trouble to learn what Christianity had done for democracy or to read St. James, the original democrat, who would be promptly deported by a careful government if he should walk out of the New Testament now and begin his preaching from a soapbox. Heine's idea of Christianity was thus expressed: "Christianity is the religion of hound-like humility and angelic

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THIS IS THRIFT WEEK
Follow That Impulse

$5000 Policy Costs $68.90
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Age 40, dividends reduce this cost after first year organized 1847. Ask anybody and true. Write for specimen policy at your age.

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WOMAN SUFFERED IN SILENCE

Made Believe She Was Well

A business woman writes: "There must be lots of women who feel as I did. I suffered in silence many times on account of my pride, but now I know that a good laxative is essential to good health. So neglected no longer, trying to keep cheery and pretending I was all right when I wasn't. I had a terrible backache, which made me ache, headaches almost killed me with pain, and went off all from my viewpoint. I had a sallow, unbecoming complexion which no doctor helped by face powders. Why didn't I try to cure myself rather than pretend? After taking Dr. True's Elixir, I now know that a laxative was what I needed. Dr. True's Elixir is mild and pleasant to take, and works just right for me. My complexion cleared up—bright and ruddy—blemishes vanished and every one remarked how much better I looked."—Mrs. E. J. B., New Auburn, Me.

Try Dr. True's Elixir will help you, too—don't pretend any longer. At all druggists, 40c., 80c., $1—the large size most economical.—Advertisement.

FREEZE-UP FOLLOWS BIG STORM

Mercury to Stay at 12 Above for Next Two Days

TRAIN AND TROLLEY SERVICE CRIPPLED

Ships Forced to Seek Refuge in the Harbor

Boston is in for a taste of real Winter. A freeze-up follows hard on the heels of the big snow storm and the mercury will hang around 12 above for the next two days, according to Forecaster Smith of the Weather Bureau.

"Sunday, fair and colder. Monday, fair and continued cold; fresh to strong northwest winds, diminishing by Monday," is the news from weather headquarters.

Late trains, crippled trolley service and irritating delays in long distance telephone and telegraph messages caused much discomfort yesterday, when New England awoke to how the heaviest snowfall thus far this Winter.

The "Chicago Special," by way of Albany, which is due at the South Station at 2:55 p. m., was held up by heavy drifts in the West and reached its destination at 7:15. Another express, which left South Station at 10 a. m., ran into a drift south of Providence and was two hours late at Westerly. The Knickerbocker Limited arrived 20 minutes late, and on the Boston and Maine the Portland express trains were from half an hour to one hour and a quarter behind schedule.

RAIL SERVICE CRIPPLED.

The local train service was hard hit. On the Lexington branch of the Boston and Maine road the engine of the train scheduled to leave Bedford at 7:44 a. m. left the track just outside the station, and it was necessary to cut this train off the schedule. A train leaving the Reformatory station at 8 picked up two of the cars, however, and landed the passengers in Boston an hour late.

During the height of the storm passengers on the Dedham and Franklin street railway enjoyed the unique experience of being rescued by the crew at work on snowplows. The cars on this road run on an hourly schedule, but because of the storm's severity passengers were accommodated on the big plows, the regular service being abandoned.

The Boston, Revere Beach and Lynn Railroad cut its trains to three cars each in order to maintain its schedule, and this resulted in much crowding and inconvenience. On the Middlesex and Boston system, the Lexington and Waltham line took off the one-man cars and replaced them with the heavy main line cars.

Officials at the North Station were not caught napping, and started men clearing the tracks as an early hour as 4 o'clock yesterday morning. Only a few trains reported the tracks clear to Portland, and the local service, as a whole, was fairly satisfactory.

TELEPHONE LINES SUFFER.

The Boston Elevated met the situation with large gangs of men and snowplows and after the early rush succeeded in restoring service to something approaching normal. Commuters barging home in the early afternoon and night found both train and trolley service fairly good. During the blinding storm several ships sought refuge in the lower harbor and tugs moved cautiously

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THE WEATHER

FORECAST FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY: Sunday fair and colder; Monday fair and continued cold. Fresh to strong northwest winds, diminishing by Monday.

DR. HILTON'S NO. 3

Will break up a cold in 24 hours

Temperature Going Down After Storm

FRIDAY.		SATURDAY.	
1 a. m.	0	1 a. m.	16
2 a. m.	—1	2 a. m.	17
3 a. m.	—2	3 a. m.	20
4 a. m.	—2	4 a. m.	20
5 a. m.	—3	5 a. m.	20
6 a. m.	—3	6 a. m.	21
7 a. m.	—5	7 a. m.	22
8 a. m.	—4	8 a. m.	22
9 a. m.	—2	9 a. m.	24
10 a. m.	2	10 a. m.	24
11 a. m.	6	11 a. m.	24
12 noon	8	12 noon	28
1 p. m.	11	1 p. m.	29
2 p. m.	14	2 p. m.	30
3 p. m.	15	3 p. m.	30
4 p. m.	15	4 p. m.	31
5 p. m.	15	5 p. m.	30
6 p. m.	15	6 p. m.	27
7 p. m.	16	7 p. m.	22
8 p. m.	16	8 p. m.	20
9 p. m.	15	9 p. m.	18
10 p. m.	16	10 p. m.	17
11 p. m.	16	11 p. m.	17
12 midnight.	16	12 midnight.	17

KILLS 4, THEN HANGS HIMSELF

Insane Connecticut Farmer Hacks Two Others With Fatal Axe

Brooklyn, Ct., Jan. 17.—Victor Lipponenn, aged forty-eight, a farmer of Finnish birth, went insane today and with an axe caused the deaths of four persons, probably fatally injured one other, wounded his wife, and failed in attempts to kill three others. He hanged himself. Two deputy sheriffs following him found the body warm, so close were they on the trail. The dead:

Christian G. Ritter, forty-six, a neighbor.

Mrs. Selma Luonisla, wife of another neighbor, who had nursed Mrs. Lipponenn through the period of maternity.

Baby Lipponenn, aged four days.

Miss Elsie Rose Kimber, aged nineteen.

The injured:

Mrs. Charles Ray, mother of Miss Kimber, who is not expected to live.

Mrs. Lipponenn, twenty-eight, crazed by the axe and suffering from exposure due to a run through the snow to a neighbor's house.

The story of the multiple tragedy was brought out by Coroner Arthur G. Bill of Danielson reveals that Lipponenn had worked out for various people in the community. Nora recalls that he had shown any signs of mental disorder.

CRUSHES BABY IN FALL.

This morning he walked into his house with an axe in his hand and struck at his wife, who was in bed. She was merely grazed as she rolled from the bed in an effort to escape. The man then drove the axe into the head of Mrs. Luonisla, wife of a neighbor, nurse to Mrs. Lipponenn. She crushed the infant under her as she fell, the baby dying.

Lipponenn went to the barn and with the axe tried to split open the heads of four cows. Then he drove to the home of Mr. Ritter. The latter came outside and greeted Lipponenn. With Mr. Ritter were his daughter, Cecelia, fourteen, and his son, Stephen, twelve. Lipponenn took the axe and with one blow split open Mr. Ritter's head. He hacked the body several times. The children fled.

Lipponenn drove to the house of Charles Ray. Lipponenn entered with a cheery "Good morning." Mrs. Ray replied, and the man swung the axe to her head without warning.

SETS FIRE TO BARN.

Miss Kimber, a daughter by a former marriage, rushed towards her mother. Lipponenn struck her head with the axe and followed it with a blow that almost severed her left arm. Charles Ray, Jr., aged eleven, escaped.

Lipponenn went to the barn and set it afire. It was burned with its contents, including four horses and a cow. Lipponenn, drove on.

Deputy Sheriffs Edward Bennett and Harry Lathrop, who followed Lipponenn in the sheriff's automobile, found his body hanging from a beam in a woodshed on an unoccupied farm. He had ended a rein, and the trees rested on the floor. The body was still warm.

Mrs. Ray and Miss Kimber were sent to Putnam in an ambulance, but Miss Kimber did not survive the trip.

TREACHEROUS COLDS

If Neglected, Lay You Open to Attacks of Serious Disease.

When you have a cold you stand in danger of pneumonia or other serious illness. Father John's Medicine will help you to get rid of the cold promptly. No alcohol.—Advt.

Y. D. DRIVE TIME IS EXTENDED

Campaign for $200,000 for Clubhouse Will End Tomorrow Night

TOTAL TO DATE IS OVER $140,000

Director Cole Is Confident That Remaining $60,000 Will Be Raised

To stem defeat in the New England drive for $200,000 for the Yankee Division clubhouse, the campaign has been extended until tomorrow night through an order of Brigadier-General Charles H. Cole, director. Late returns last night showed the fund had passed the $140,000 mark.

New Englanders, in every city, town and hamlet will "make an eleventh-hour rally" tomorrow to push the fund generously "over the top." The $60,000 to complete the drive ought to be subscribed, said officials last night.

Throughout the day yesterday workers at headquarters opened mail bearing checks. The heavy snowfall seriously delayed the mails, and it is believed that when the count is made tomorrow morning the total will have advanced several thousands.

It was agreed last night to keep the headquarters open for several weeks in order to secure belated donations. Today the workers will be at their desks cleaning up the week's work to prepare for the rush expected tomorrow.

PEOPLE RALLY LOYALLY.

Collections in Boston hotels, ferry houses and on Boston Common ended last night. However, the Y. D. taggers will be busy on the streets tomorrow to catch any Bostonian who has not already subscribed.

Despite the storm, reports which kept coming in by wire and mail showed that the collections exceeded those of any other day.

"Boston and New England have awakened," said General Cole last night. "Today speaks for itself. The people are rallying loyally to the support of the YD boys. I have felt confident from the beginning that the people would not fail them. Tonight I am more confident than ever. Let's all aid just one 'we bit more.'"

Examples of devotion to the YD filter in every day to the headquarters. Yesterday a bundle of small bills was received from wounded veterans of the division who still are suffering from their injuries and are being treated at the Parker Hill Hospital. The contribution was only $34, but it was every cent the boys could scrape together.

MOTHERS GIVE THEIR MITE.

As a mother from Ireland whose son, a member of the 101st Regiment, went over the top at the Argonne and never returned, felt it her duty to send her small contribution, another mother similarly placed did the same yesterday. She was Mrs. Mahoney of No. 33 Cook street, Charlestown.

General Cole has advised that a book be published with the names of every giver listed, and it will be placed in the clubhouse.

Another letter was from a Boston hero son is David U. Thompson, a Boston Elevated starter. He came to the cashier's window of the headquarters and threw down a $10 bill. "This is in memory of my son Joe, who was killed at this Meuse-Argonne," he said.

More than a score of towns and villages in the New England States subscribed by merry telegrams which read: "Have gone over the top. The first of these was Concord. Lexington subscribed its quota of $500 early yesterday. That the total might advance several hundred dollars was expected, as the dance committee had yet to report.

LEATHER FIRMS DONATE.

Other towns and cities registering "finis" were Gloucester, New Bedford, Braintree, Cohasset, Chelsea, Revere, Hingham, Weymouth, Hanover, Abington and Rockland.

The committee on the leather trades has made an excellent show-

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Trading With Russians May Lower Prices

Chicago, Jan. 17.—Opinions on the Chicago Board of Trade were divided as to the effect on prices here likely to result from the resumption of commercial relations with Russia. J. E. Carney, with A. O. Slaughter & Co., said:

"It is undoubtedly the most bearish and promising development toward a reduction in the high cost of living since the beginning of the war. America, after being the dictator of world's values for five years, has not only been forced into a competitive position, but has become the probable dumping ground of the world, owing to its adverse foreign exchange position."

In this connection he called special attention to reports of a large grain harvest in the South and Southeast of Russia and that as the number of live-stock there was greatly reduced, fodder grain was available both for export and for human consumption, thus setting free for export quantities of bread grain.

IRKUTSK TAKEN BY 'RED' ARMY

Bolsheviki in Complete Control; Fighting in City Stops

Peking, Jan. 15 (By Associated Press).—An undated dispatch from Verkhneudinsk, across Lake Baikal from Irkutsk, says the Social revolutionaries are completely in control of Irkutsk and the fighting has stopped. The armored trains of General Semenoff have retired to Lake Baikal.

Ernst L. Harris, the American consul-general at the seat of the anti-Russian government, is on the way to China, 490 miles east of Irkutsk, with his staff.

U. S. Forces Will Be Taken to Manila

Vladivostok, Jan. 15. (By Associated Press).—Within a fortnight 3,600 of the 8,000 men of the American expeditionary force in Siberia will leave Vladivostok for Manila, according to Major-General William S. Graves, commanding the force, who today announced the War Department's order to move his command to Manila.

The transport Great Northern, due here January 11, will take 1,500 of the 27th Infantry from the Suchan sector. The Sheridan, due to arrive on the fourteenth, will take 1,300 troops from the Suchan district. In addition two transports will be held at Manila awaiting orders from General Graves to proceed to Vladivostok to meet the main body of the 27th Infantry, approximately 2,000 men, under Colonel Morrow, from the trans-Baikal district, 1,700 miles northwest of here.

The 31st Infantry, approximately 2,500 men, will leave after the departure of the troops from the railroad districts, probably early in March.

Release of Produce May Hit High Prices

London, Jan. 17.—Representatives here of Russian co-operative organizations are eagerly awaiting advices as to how the Allied decision to parley raise the Russian blockade will be made effective.

Although the official statement setting forth the Allied decision indicates that trading between private firms and individuals is still quite far off, the importance of the ruling may be appreciated when it is stated that the co-operative societies, which are affected, in recent years have become the chief medium for the distribution of goods to the Russian peasants. Ten of these organizations having offices in London claim to represent the interests of upwards of 50,000,000 peasants.

It is believed in some quarters that the lifting of the ban on the vast accumulation of Russian produce awaiting export may have a far-reaching effect on prices in the world's markets. The agent of the Central Russian Flax Association declared today that the latest advices from his principals stated that up-

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SINN FEIN SWEEPS IRELAND

With the Labor Element, Elects 75 Per Cent. of Candidates

MRS. SKEFFINGTON AMONG THE VICTORS

Acts of Government Must Be Sanctioned by Castle Departments

Dublin, Jan. 17.—Returns from the municipal elections held on Thursday show that generally in eastern, western and southern Ireland approximately 75 per cent. of the candidates supported by the Sinn Fein and labor elements were successful. The remainder of the candidates elected represent various minorities.

A feature of the election was the unusually large number of women who participated.

The number of women candidates were fewer than had been expected, considering the large number of women voters. The women were mainly candidates of the Sinn Fein. Up to date the women elected in Dublin comprise Mrs. Wyse Power, one of the honorary treasurers of the Sinn Fein organization, and Mrs. F. Sheehy Skeffington, widow of F. Sheehy Skeffington, editor of the Irish Citizen, who was killed during the Easter uprising in 1916.

TO ELECT LORD MAYORS.

With the Sinn Fein effectively controlling municipal affairs in three-fourths of Ireland, considerable interest is evinced as to how the Sinn Feiners will use their victory. In some quarters it is believed the Sinn Feiners will take advantage of the opportunity to show their capacity for practical administration, while in others it is thought the elected will be used for furtherance of the Republican movement. The opinion generally is that they will commence by electing Sinn Fein Lord Mayors and chairmen of local bodies.

Once the Sinn Feiners begin business they will have to recognize British authority or have practical work undone, for their acts will need continual sanctions by the Castle departments and the local government Board.

The Lord Mayor of Dublin will be either Alderman Tom Kelly, who is in prison in London, or William T. Cosgrove, Sinn Fein member of the House of Commons, who has often been in jail. Aside from politics, both are generally respected citizens. Outside of Dublin the Sinn Feiners will have less experienced men.

Legally very chary of a municipal body is entitled to be made a magistrate, but it is considered hardly likely that the Sinn Fein chairmen will apply for such commissions, as they could be deprived of the magistracy the first time they made a republican speech or offended against the Lord Chancellor's views of their duties.

The first duty of many of the councils will be to introduce a tax measure for the payment of the compensation awarded by the courts to victims of outrages. Should they refuse to do so the money will be stopped out of the amount payable from the ordinary imperial contributions in aid of local taxes.

In the Westport elections there were not enough candidates to make a quorum for the new board, supposedly because nobody craved the task of imposing the tax to pay the compensation for the murder of Magistrate Milling last year.

EXPECT REPUBLICAN POLICY.

Where the local body fails to carry out its duties the Local Government Board will have power to suspend it and nominate a paid board in its

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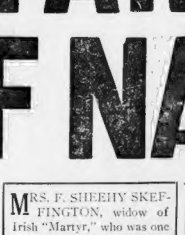
EX-KAISER HELPS STRENGTHEN DYKES

Amerongen, Jan. 17.—The former Kaiser worked a couple of hours today helping the Bentinck Castle staff strengthen the castle dykes which are threatened by the rising of the Rhine.

MRS. F. SHEEHY SKEFFINGTON, widow of Irish "Martyr," who was one of the successful Sinn Fein candidates in the recent election.



FINAL ACTION ON TREATY HELD UP

Senate Leaders See No Prospect of Ratification Until February

Washington, Jan. 17.—Hopes for final action by the Senate on the peace treaty and the league of nations covenant and the Monroe doctrine, was deferred by mutual agreement. All four of the Republicans, Senators Lodge of Massachusetts, New of Indiana, Lenroot of Wisconsin, and Kellogg of Minnesota and the five Democrats, Senators Hitchcock of Nebraska, Simmons of North Carolina, McKellar of Tennessee, Walsh of Montana, and Owen of Oklahoma, attended today's session.

Several changes in language of the minor reservations discussed today were agreed on tentatively, it was said. Details were withheld under the policy of secrecy adopted, but both Republicans and Democrats expressed satisfaction with the progress made. Both factions, however, also emphasized that the work of the conference was tentative, subject to approval by the body of Republican and Democratic Senators, favoring ratification.

Leaders on both sides said little progress had been made in the preliminary discussion recently of the reservations affecting article Ten and the Monroe Doctrine. Republican leaders, including those of the "mild reservation" faction, appeared as insistent as ever that there be no change in the principles of these reservations. Some of the Democrats in the conference were also said to indicate a disposition to meet the Republican demands on these reservations, but the attitude of Senator Hitchcock, Administration leader, in demanding radical modifications was understood to be unchanged.

JELLICOE CALLED HOME IN A HURRY

Rio Janeiro, Jan. 16.—Admiral Viscount Jellicoe, former First Sea Lord of the British Admiralty, has received an urgent call to England, and for that reason has cancelled his visit to Brazil and Argentina.

This announcement was made by the Minister of Marine today following receipt of a message from the Viscount.

ORDERED 'BEWARE OF BRITISH'

"We Would as Soon Fight the British as Germans," He Was Informed

CREDITS COMMAND TO A HIGH OFFICIAL

Admiral Charges Grave Errors by Department; May Be Disciplined

Washington, Jan. 17.—A complete investigation of the Navy Department, especially with regard to its conduct during the war, will be made by the Senate as the result today of the sensational disclosures by Admiral Sims, commander-in-chief of the American forces in European waters.

Appearing before the Senate sub-committee, which is inquiring into the award of naval decorations and medals, Admiral Sims read the entire text of a letter which he sent to Secretary of the Navy Daniels on January 7, last. That portion of the letter which created profound surprise and which is expected to lead to the complete investigation, referred to orders received by the admiral before he left Washington. This is what the letter says on this point:

"Brief orders were delivered to me verbally in Washington. No formal instructions or statement of the Navy Department's plans or policy were received at that time, though I received the following explicit admonition:

"Do not let the British pull the wool over your eyes. It is none of

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No matter how deep the snow or how cold and disagreeable the weather — there's always the telephone. You can sit comfortably at home, order your groceries from us and have them delivered to your door.

Try it tomorrow.

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Eight trunk lines thirteen stations for orders in Greater Boston, suburbs, on the Boston & Albany and N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. and the south shore.

87-89 Causeway St. Hay. 3083
Four trunk lines, five stations for orders on Boston & Maine R. R. and suburbs north of Boston.

6-8 Fan. H. Sq. Main 1628-4422
In the heart of the market district.

274 Friend St. Hay. 3232-3233
Near the North Station.

Cobb, Bates & Yerxa Co.

SIMS ACCUSES NAVY DEPARTMENT OF GRAVE WAR ERRORS

Continued From First Page.

our business pulling their chestnuts out of the fire. We would as soon fight the British as the Germans."

Admiral Sims did not disclose the identity of the man who gave him these instructions, but he intimated that it was a high official.

"HAMSTRUNG" BY ORDERS.

Commanders in the war zone and officials on the scene of action, according to Admiral Sims' charges were "hamstrung" by orders 3,000 miles away from the navy department. These orders in many instances could not even be carried out, the letter stated.

When the subcommittee adjourned developments came thick and fast. Senator McCormick, Republican, of Illinois, and a member of the subcommittee, declared he would seek an investigation of all the Navy's activities during the war.

Senator Hale, Republican of Maine, chairman of the committee, said Admiral Sims' revelations were of such moment that he believed the attention of the senate should soon be called to them. Accordingly he sought Senator Page, chairman of the Senate Naval Affairs Committee, and the latter immediately issued a call for a special meeting of that body Monday.

DANIELS WAIVES JOCOSE.

Secretary Daniels today would not give a direct answer to the question as to whether or not he or any official of the navy gave those instructions with regard to the blame.

"So far as politics is concerned," said the secretary, jocosely, "you must remember this is a cotton country."

The secretary, however, did not attempt to disclose the fact that serious hostilities are now on between him and Admiral Sims. It is entirely possible that such an attempt may be made to discipline the naval officer.

Covering the revelations today before the Senate Subcommittee by Admiral Sims Mr. Daniels made this statement:

"I have referred the communication of Rear Admiral Sims to the General Board of the Navy with directions to give consideration to it, and to all other communications directed to the department concerning the lessons of the war.

"The General Naval Board has the authority to summon Admiral Sims before it to get an explanation of his communication, to ascertain the facts on which it is based, and to make recommendations concerning both it and its author to the Secretary. The board is to pointed out, it could recommend that Admiral Sims be disciplined; and, on the other hand, it could also recommend that his communication was one of real merit and therefore worthy of the deepest consideration.

GOT SECRET ORDERS.

It was recalled today that before Admiral Sims departed for Europe he received secret instructions. It was declared that these secret instructions were given him as a result of recommended by only Secretary Daniels and Admiral Benson. The latter, however, was not of the city's choice.

Admiral Sims' letter to Mr. Daniels is the one on which the latter yesterday refused to comment, declaring he had only partly read it. The subject of the communication is "Certain Naval Lessons of the Great War."

Admiral Sims charges grave errors were committed by the navy in violation of fundamental military principles and he cites eleven specific instances of incompetence.

SUMMARY OF CHARGES.

Following is a summary of Admiral Sims' charges against the Navy Department's policy during the war:

"1—Although war with Germany had been imminent for many months prior to its declaration, there was nevertheless no mature plan developed or naval policy adopted in preparation for war, insofar as the commander in Europe was informed.

"2—The Navy Department did not anticipate a single month three months after war was declared—at least not in its representation to the commander of the forces in Europe.

"3—The Navy Department did not enter wholeheartedly into the campaign for many months after we declared war.

"4—The outbreak of hostilities found many important naval units widely dispersed, and the need of repairs before they could be sent to the critical area.

"5—During the most critical months of the enemy's submarine campaign against the allies' line of communication, the department violated the fundamental strategical principle of concentration of maximum force in the critical area of the conflict.

SUPPORT LACKING.

"6—The department's representative with the allied admiralties was not supported during the most critical months of the war.

"7—The department's commander in the critical area of hostilities was not allowed to select his principal subordinates.

"8—The Navy Department made and acted upon many of its decisions affecting operations that were being conducted 3,000 miles away, when conditions were such that the information could not have been in its possession.

"9—Instead of relying upon the judgment of those who had had actual experience in this particular warfare, the Navy Department (which lacked not only this experience, but also lacking adequate information concerning it, treated upon a number of plans that could not be carried out.

"10—Many of the department actions so strongly implied a conviction that it was the most competent to make decisions concerning operations in the war zone, that the result was an impression that lacked confidence in the judgement of its representative on the council of the allied and U.S. responsible commander in the field."

"11—To interfere with the commander in chief in the face of [illegible] of the most common temptations of the government—and is generally disregarded, according to Mahan, as the influence of Sea Power Upon History.

"To yield to this temptation and its frequent violation of this principle was the most serious error committed during the naval war."

SIMS READS LETTER.

The text of Admiral Sims' letter of 7,000 words, which he read slowly to the members of the sub-committee, is a long record of restricted action, lack of full co-operation on the part of Washington, and includes charges which are blamed for the most serious error advanced against the Navy department. It is in part as follows:

"Upon the conclusion of the war in which large naval forces have been engaged, and after a sufficient time has elapsed to permit the careful estimate of the manner in which the war was conducted, it is of the first importance that the lessons to be derived from this experience be recorded in order that they may serve as a guide in future wars.

"It is particularly important that a just estimate be made of the errors of policy, tactics, and general administration that were committed by our navy.

"It is to this end that I submit the following account of what appear to me to be the most serious of these errors and the circumstances that led up to them, followed by brief summary of the lessons to be derived therefrom.

"This is not presented solely from the viewpoint of it commander of [illegible] small naval forces in Europe but specifically as a result of the experience necessarily gained in the unusual and very close position of the Navy Department's representative in the Naval Council of the Allies where, not only all allied plans and policies could be continuously discussed and where only all available information, both current and general, was at all times available.

"In the latter part of March, 1917, in response to a request from the American ambassador, expressing the desire of the British government that a naval officer of high rank be sent to assist the admiral commanding our naval forces that had suggested, I was ordered abroad on barely forty-eight hours' notice.

TELLS OF ADMONITION.

"Brief orders were delivered to me verbally in Washington. No written instructions of any kind of the Navy Department's plans or policy were received at that time, though I received the following explicit admonition:

"'Don't let the British pull the wool over your eyes.' It is none of our business pulling their chestnuts out of the fire. We would as soon fight the British as the Germans."

As soon as we arrived in London, my letter and Admiral Sims realized that the Navy Department did not comprehend the seriousness of the submarine menace, due to the insufficient scope of the American intelligence service.

"A review of the cables sent to the Navy Department in April, 1917," the letter said, "shows that the situation was then very grave indeed. The enemy was rapidly winning the war by the destruction of merchant shipping. Throughout this period I sent numerous cables and letters of the most urgent possible character were sent with the object of bringing to the Department the vital necessity of our maximum effort being exerted in European waters with the least possible delay, but without producing the desired result."

SENT FREQUENT WARNINGS.

The Navy Department was repeatedly told, the letter said, that it was a matter of simple arithmetical calculation to determine that the allies must lose the war if the rate of this loss continued.

"For some reason, which has never been explained," Admiral Sims wrote, "the Navy Department, during at least the first six months of the war, failed to put into actual practice a whole-hearted policy of co-operation with the allies, a policy required for winning the war with the least possible delay."

The letter asserted that, not until July, 1917, did the Navy Department outline a policy of naval co-operation with the allies.

"As usual in such cases," it continued, "the policy was academically sound but failed to meet the situation or was not understood by the department as being in fact that for ten months after its receipt I was urgently recommending an increase of force in European waters with the best obtainable ships, but without producing the desired result."

EMBARRASSED BY REFUSAL.

Admiral Sims' letter declared that he was much embarrassed in his relations with other officers of the allied navies by reasons of the fact that although, in April, the British and French Chiefs of Naval Staff were convinced that four coal burning American battleships be sent to the British Channel against German cruiser raids, there was long delay before the request was acknowledged and finally it was refused.

The following sentence of the letter said, the chief of naval operations arrived in Europe with the Colonel House mission, and immediately thereafter cabled instructions to send the battleships. Only two battleships could have been saved, Admiral Sims declared, if he could have appeared in person daily in Washington. His attention was paid to his cabled recommendations.

The recommendations of the Navy Department's representative, based upon experience, were ignored, the letter asserted, and "immediately acted upon," the letter said, and exhibited the Navy Department's policy in this respect as a violation of the fundamental principles of warfare, which continued throughout the war.

Admiral Sims declared that failure to heed his early plea that destroyers and light craft be hurried and to assign him any of the cruisers under the side who accompanied him abroad which continued for four months caused him serious difficulty.

APPEALED TO AMBASSADOR.

"The only information received up to April 27, 1917, was that six destroyers would be sent," Admiral Sims said. "The situation was then so very critical that I appealed to the American ambassador in London, who sent a most urgent message to the President, and on May 1, 1917, the first definite information was received of the department's intention to send more than six destroyers, and that ultimately 36 and 2 repair ships would be sent."

Too great a desire to protect the coast of the United States at the impudent risk of losing the war was manifested by the Navy Department, the letter declared.

"The department was repeatedly assured that the Allies at all times had remarkably accurate information as to the movements of submarines," Admiral Sims said, "and that it was practically certain that they could not operate in force from any European waters without advance information being supplied."

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DESCHANEL ELECTED BY RECORD VOTE

New President of France Given Tremendous Ovation

RECEIVES 734 OF 889 BALLOTS CAST

Economy Marks What Usually Has Been Brilliant Ceremony

By CHARLES F. BERTELLI, *Universal Service Staff Correspondent.*

Versailles, Jan. 17.—Paul Deschanel was elected President of France today, receiving 734 votes out of the 889 cast in the joint Assembly of the Senate and Chamber of Deputies. This is the greatest majority ever given to a French President.

When M Deschanel's election as successor of Raymond Poincare was announced by Leon Bourgeois, President of the Assembly, there was a tremendous ovation, with the cry of "Long live the Republic!"

In defining his policy, the President-elect said tonight:

"We must set to work remaking France and finish the work of peace. We must organize our victory. The first duty will be to consolidate the diplomatic, economic and financial situation. France must see to it that the treaty of peace is strictly adhered to by all parties and also the terms of the covenant of the League of Nations. We must also care about to adopt a new social policy designed to lift up the burdens from those who are now bearing the heaviest loads."

In accordance with the policy of retrenchment and economy pursued by the present government, the election ceremony today, which in former years was always most brilliant, was kept today within the limits of strict official necessity.

Whereas on former occasions every hotel in Versailles was crowded and restaurants were open at night, partisans of the winning faction wining, dining and dancing from early in the dawn, this evening found the capital void of merrymakers.

Versailles was policed by 3,000 picked troops and in addition the avenues to the gate of the chateau were lined with guards of cavalry with drawn sabres.

Shortly before 1 o'clock two special trains bearing the Senators and Deputies entered the station and, aside from there the statesmen, wending severe frock coats and high silk hats, proceeded afoot to the gilded gates of the palace. M. Deschanel entered unobserved and proceeded immediately to the private quarters reserved for the President of the Republic, where he was later joined with a few close friends until the result was announced. He departed shortly before 2 o'clock when he was called.

The premier, defeated by Deschanel in yesterday's caucus, was not present to see the triumph of the rival within whom he had defeated twenty-six years ago. Friends of the "Tiger" were disappointed at his absence.

The soberness of the attire of the Parliamentarians on the benches was in striking contrast with the [illegible]ness of the gowns and hats of the fashionable women in the spectators' gallery.

Intense excitement prevailed as Senators and Deputies slowly mounted the steps of the tribune on which stood the historic copper urn which has served as a ballot box in every presidential election since the birth of the third republic.

The new President will take office on February 18.

Deschanel Salutes Organizer of Victory

Versailles, Jan. 17.—M. Bourgeois, president of the National Assembly, made an address of congratulation to the President-elect, pledging him the support of France. M. Deschanel replied:

"As a faithful guardian of the law, I will seek to apply the constitution in letter and in spirit in solidity and perfect, in close accord with the nation's representatives, these free institutions.

"Our hopes of 1918 were not entirely realised and it is necessary today to conquer the difficulties which crowd upon us by strict application of the treaty of Versailles, by the development of our alliances and friendships and by the union of all the French. That incomparable people whose heroism and sacrifices saved the world, will surmount all obstacles upon one condition that they be kept thoroughly conversant with affairs and are told the truth.

"Like my illustrious predecessors, among them M. Poincare, who in the formidable war represented France with such dignity and nobility, I salute also the great Frenchman who contributed so much to the victory by gathering together all the national energies through a magnificent effort. I express the wish that the Houses of Parliament will consecrate by solemn homage the immortal services he has rendered the country."

Amusements.

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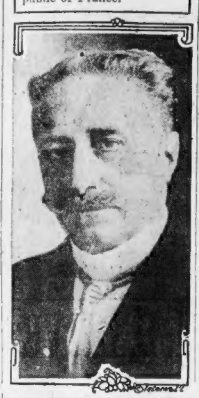

PAUL DESCHANEL, who was yesterday elected to the Presidency of the Republic of France.

SWEEP BY SINN FEIN IN IRELAND

Three-Fourths of Candidates, Including Mrs. Skeffington, Elected

Continued From First Page.

place. There have been many legal conflicts in the past between the Local Government Board and the local bodies which have been won by the latter, and the Sinn Fein bodies are considered more likely than the old ones to challenge this authority.

"It is felt to be quite possible, for one thing, that they will pass regulations in favor of the Irish language.

Such resolutions would be illegal, however, and every meeting passing them would come under the head of unlawful assemblies, according to the present government's regulations.

In the future activities of the new Irish municipal bodies there will arise innumerable opportunities for conflict with the government, but should the section of the Sinn Fein said to favor getting practically to work, this view prevailing, the opportunity for trouble regarding detail would be diminished, it is pointed out, and at the same time the local bodies could still maintain an uncompromising Republican attitude on the national issue.

In the [illegible] election the Sinn Feiners elected twenty-five members, the nationalists three, the labor party six, the municipal reformers seven, the unionists one and the independent nationalists one. Lord Mayor O'Neill headed the poll in his area.

De Valera Opens Campaign for $10,000,000 Loan

New York, Jan. 17.—Eamon de Valera opened a campaign to float a $10,000,000 bond issue for the Irish "republic" here today by receiving the freedom of the city at City Hall, from Mayor Hylan and a New York "Fighting Irish" National Guard regiment played "The Wearin' of the Green."

Hundreds of persons in City Hall Park cheered as a wicked flags with the green, orange and white trienlor when De Valera entered the building to receive from Mayor Hylan an engrossed copy of resolutions passed by the board of aldermen greeting the Irish leader who stands as representative of the youngest republic in the world.

De Valera was escorted to the hall by W. Bourke Cockran, Daniel F. Cohalan and Frank P. Walsh.

Mayor Hylan told De Valera his "dignified campaign of education, coupled with a masterly presentation of safe and sane governmental policy," had not failed to impress the American people with the "justice of Ireland's cause and with the ultimate realization of her national liberty and aspirations."

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'REDS' DEBARK; GO TO RUSSIA

Landed from U. S. Transport Buford in Finland Under Marine Guard

Hango, Finland, Jan. 17.—The 249 undesirable aliens deported from the United States and brought here yesterday by the United States army transport Buford for trans-shipment to Russia were taken off the transport this afternoon and marched to the special train which will carry them to the Russian frontier. The radicals were kept between decks from the time the Buford docked until they left the vessel.

American marines and Finnish White guards were drawn up as the radicals proceeded from the ship to their train. The party will be kept completely isolated until the frontier is reached, which will probably be tonight.

Alexander Berkman and Emma Goldman, who have been considered the leaders of the deportees, have declared they will not remain in Russia, but will "return to America to save it."

The Reds taken on board the Buford will be taken to the Russian frontier by United States Labor bureau and immigration officials.

After the Buford had been docked, Berkman and Miss Goldman led a procession of radicals down the gangplank, a large number of persons assembled on the wharf gazing curiously at the landing.

MANY SHOW ANXIETY.

The Reds made up a motley throng, their faces being full of curiosity as to what their future might be, while there were traces of anxiety lest they might be attacked after they had left the protection of their American guardians. Finnish authorities will look after the safety of the deportees.

After they had landed, Berkman and Miss Goldman talked willingly with newspapermen, asked to give her opinion of her deportation, the latter replied: "It was melodrama to keep it secret."

"It was unfair and stupid," interjected Berkman. "You can't kill an idea like that. The Czar tried and failed. He is dead and forgotten."

"Do you want to overthrow the American government?" Miss Goldman was asked.

"That is a new government," she answered, "and I hope the election will provide it."

Berkman's intention to return to America as soon as possible. She asserts she became a naturalized citizen by virtue of her marriage to Jacob Kersner at Rochester, N. Y., in 1887, and declared the court decree cancelling Kersner's certificate of naturalization was illegal.

Miss Goldman was divorced from Kersner in 1889, but she claims this did not affect her status as a citizen of the United States.

"As Nietzsche said: 'The test of love is the power of silence.'" she continued, "that is what will be my lot until I return to America. I will not forsake Alexander."

Asked what her plans were, Miss Goldman said:

"Berkman not impose my advice upon the Russian government, but shall remain silent. I will not [illegible] by the London War Office.

There appears to be more concern in the minds of military men over the recent defeats of General Denikine, anti-Bolshevik leader in southern Russia, and the remnants of Admiral Kolchak's all-Russian forces than in the minds of the statesmen composing the Supreme Council.

LORD LEVERHULME SAILS FOR ENGLAND

New York, Jan. 17.—Lord Leverhulme, head of England's largest soap company and said to employ more labor than any one man in the British Isles, sailed for home today on the Cunard liner Kaiserin Augusta Victoria, after a tour of America in the interests of its project for a six-hour public utility day for laborers.

"I found my idea well liked here during my two months' stay," he said.

It was the first departure from this port of the former Hamburg-American liner under the British flag.

SOCIALISTS' TRIAL COUNSEL CHOSEN

New York, Jan. 17.—State Attorney General Newton announced tonight that he had selected John H. Hamlin and Martin W. Littleton to assist special counsel to the judiciary committee in the trial of the five suspended Socialist Assemblymen.

Formal Demand for Extradition of Ex-Kaiser

Paris, Jan. 17.—The Supreme Council's letter to the Dutch government demanding the extradition of former Emperor William has been sent to that government. It was forwarded officially during the night.

Former Empress Augusta Victoria of Germany, who is at present at Potsdam, contemplates entering a Protestant monastery in England or America, according to a report received here from Basle.

Her health is reported bad, but it is said it is not in a serious condition.

IRKUTSK HELD BY BOLSHEVIKI

Army of General Semeroff Forced to Retire; Fighting in City Has Stopped

Continued From First Page.

wards of 40,000 tons of flax were ready for export, in exchange for sorely needed manufactured goods.

Prevailing prices will double this accumulation upwards of 12,000,000 pounds sterling. In addition to which there are immense crops of other commodities awaiting export, representing enormous buying powers.

Allies Not a Unit on Trade With Russia

Paris, Jan. 17.—The Prime Ministers of the allies, it appears, were not in entire accord regarding the decisions reached yesterday upon a limited opening of trade with Russia.

Premier Lloyd George proposed the measure seemingly to consolidate the labor forces of England. Premier Nitti supported Mr. Lloyd George, explaining that the decision would have a good effect upon political opinion in Italy, where a good deal of Bolshevik agitation is reported.

Premier Millerand opposed any dealings with Bolshevik Russia, but finally agreed to the proposal in such measure of trade as that finally announced. He insisted, however, upon writing into the agreement a reaffirming that the allies had not changed their attitude toward the Soviet Government and also reremarked that he would soon be out of the Supreme Council, anyway.

The discussion over the spread of armed Bolshevism in the Near and Far East is now said to be due to unofficial communications from the War Office at London. Mr. Lloyd George and various members of his cabinet, it is said, were not definitely informed as to the seriousness of the situation as they have been frequently since the change of plans has been made. Some of them are now definitely indicating their belief that the situation was not as dark as would appear from the reports received by the London War Office.

There appears to be more concern in the minds of military men over the recent defeats of General Denikine, anti-Bolshevik leader in southern Russia, and the remnants of Admiral Kolchak's all-Russian forces than in the minds of the statesmen composing the Supreme Council.

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IRELAND LOST IF SHE LOSES HER TEMPER, SAYS BERNARD SHAW

Explosions of Blind Hatred Must Stop; Result Is Vicious

Absolutely No Remedy Except Cessation of Present Political Relations With England, Says Publicist; Attempt to Assassinate Lord French Is Natural Result of Kind Breeding Kind

DECLARES UNIONISTS MISSED ENEMIES AND HIT FRIENDS

By GEORGE BERNARD SHAW.

Special to Universal Service.

London, Jan. 17.—The British occupation of Ireland has just produced an attempt to assassinate the viceroy, and it is not the occupation's fault, but Lord French's luck on which I cordially and unreservedly congratulate him that the attempt failed.

The incident is no more surprising than an outbreak of smallpox would be in a district where the public health authority had not only neglected its duty but sedulously introduced and enforced a series of anti-sanitary measures.

When such incidents used to occur in Russia, before any considerable investments of French or British capital had taken place there, the English newspapers, notably the Times, used simply to ask the Czardom what it expected if it suppressed every popular liberty.

If men are treated in certain ways some of them will retaliate by assassination, as certainly as they will get drunk if sufficient rum is poured down their throats.

WILL GO THE LIMIT.

The mischief of political coercion in a body like the British empire is that the coercion cannot be organized so as to stop short of the extreme provocation, at which bombs and pistols come up just as turnips and scarlet runners will when they are duly sown. The present case is an example of this.

Dublin Castle has gone pretty far, but still there is no reason in Ireland why Lord French should have been shot at in particular. The pot was seething, but it was not boiling over.

Unfortunately, something occurred which was quite beyond the castle's control. That something was the disclosure of the proceedings of General Dyer at Amritsar, India. General Dyer prohibited an Indian Nationalist meeting.

The inhabitants disregarded the proclamation and held the meeting.

General Dyer said that if he took this defiance by laying down he would look like a fool.

FAILED IN FORESIGHT.

He does not seem to have foreseen what he looks like now, after asserting himself very effectually. He went to the meeting with a force of magazine rifles and poured ten minutes' rapid fire into the crowd.

This operation was a complete success. The meeting was broken up and 500 Indians will never again disregard a proclamation unless, indeed, they defy the summons of the last trumpet. The wounded were not succored by their conquerors. The general, whose logic is sound and precise, remarked that "there were hospitals," and that it was for the civil authorities to clean away the debris.

I must admit that there was nothing incorrect in this military operation. It is the business of the military to kill people who do not obey the government. In ordering his men to shoot "good and strong," General Dyer's conduct was entirely dutiful and proper to his profession, though his grammar was deplorable. Had he hesitated to shoot the government would have again fallen into derision and contempt.

But that was not all. There was a certain street in which an offense had been committed; and along this street General Dyer insisted that all Indians should crawl on their hands and knees. Now this was not a military operation. The fact that it was done by a military officer no more constitutes it one than the hamstringing of an Indian would be a surgical operation if it were done by a doctor.

There is nothing in the military code about denying to men the upright posture which distinguishes man from beasts. There is nothing in any civil code legalizing such a penalty. It is a deliberate insult to humanity—a proclamation that its victim is a lower creature, of an inferior and servile species, without honor existing only by the sufferance of those who have the power to impose such humiliation on him before the whole world.

This, and not the ten minutes' rapid fire (which is at least a thing which honorable men do to honorable men in war), made every citizen of the world who valued liberty and human dignity see red. It revolted England.

WHAT EFFECT IN IRELAND?

What effect must it have had in Ireland, where every man knows that General Dyer's next command may be where General Maxwell's was in Easter, 1916, and that there is no military distinction between the Nationalist Indian and the Nationalist Irishman?

Dublin Castle did not foresee that, and could not have prevented it in any case. The temperature arranged for by the castle was under 112; but the news from Amritsar sent it up 50 degrees; and the result was that Lord French, safe enough a week before, found himself under fire again at closer quarters than at Ypres.

It is idle to deal with a situation of this kind by platitudinous expressions of horror at the wickedness of assassination. This is not merely because it is so like Joseph Surface talking to Lady Teazle about his honor. It is because it evades the question really at issue.

It is to the honor of the London Times that it no longer suspects the leaders of the Irish nation of complicity in this attempted murder, as it suspected and accused Parnell of complicity in the murder of Lord Frederick Cavendish.

The Unionists of both islands may well exult over the blow the assassins have dealt to Mr. De Valera no less than to Sir Horace Plunkett. They have missed their enemy and hit their friends, as the manner of cooperadoes and fanatics is, and yet, though all the Nationalists in Ireland would hang them for being fools as heartily as the Unionists would hang them for being rebels and murderers, they are quite likely to go scot free, because there is no Irish government to which they can be denounced by the Nationalists, and no likelihood of the Unionists knowing where to put a finger on them.

The government can do nothing but offer a reward and a pardon; but can it protect an informer? No doubt there are Irishmen who would accept either or both if they could do so safely; but the precedent of James Carey is not encouraging.

What, then, is a reasonable majority to do? Nothing, as far as I can see, except organize secret tribunals after the manner of the Ku-Klux or the Ribbon Lodge, to deal with their own desperadoes. And if such a thing were done these secret tribunals would very soon abuse the irresponsibility of their secrecy and become a worse evil than the disease they were founded to remedy.

ONLY ONE REMEDY.

Sinn Fein could offer Lord French a body guard pledged to share all his risks from bullet and bomb, but would the government accept it? Could it accept it without making the king ridiculous?

There is absolutely no remedy except the cessation of the present political relations between the two countries, which are simply criminal relations, incapable of breeding anything outside their kind.

Meanwhile we must all, at heavy disadvantages, do what we can to stop explosions of mere blind hatred. Assassinations will not temper despotism; it will exasperate it and make it provoke more assassinations, imprisoning Ireland in a vicious circle which is also an odious one.

And it will make certain mischievous acts of a less sensational sort seem harmless by comparison. For instance. Just before Lord French came to London the Times had made it known that Tuam was boycotting Belfast commercially.

Nothing more stupid could be conceived; England's policy of destroying German trade and cutting the throats of her best continental customers is wisdom and common sense in comparison. In making Belfast independent of Tuam by forcing her to sell her goods elsewhere (probably in England), Tuam is deliberately working for the partition of Ireland.

Spite is a bad counsellor; and if Ireland loses her temper Ireland is lost.

But who will listen to a lecture to Tuam when there are assassinations to be discussed?

At all events, the attempt to assassinate the viceroy occurred simply because the conditions at present imposed upon Ireland always do produce such calamities.

SEDITION BILL DEBATED AGAIN

Huddleston Charges Wall Street Is Back of Propaganda

Washington, Jan. 17.—Despite the fact that anti-sedition legislation is held up in the House Rules Committee, the subject came up on the floor today, when Representative Huddleston, Democrat, Alabama, charged that agitation for such legislation had "originated with big financial interests centring in New York city," and insisted that present laws were adequate.

Representative Blanton, Democrat, Texas, in answer asserted that opposition of organized labor had blocked the road of anti-sedition measures in the committee, adding that recently "suggestions of revolution" had been voiced in union labor meetings.

"It is time for all this revolutionary talk to stop," he said. Chairman Campbell of the rules committee said hearings would begin Thursday on the request of the judiciary committee for a special rule to get through the Graham Anti-Sedition bill, substituted for the Sterling bill passed by the Senate recently.

Representative Huddleston, in his speech contended that "tremendous possibilities for oppression and tyranny" lurked in pending anti-sedition measures.

"It is now a crime to incite or engage in rebellion or insurrection" against the authority of the United States or to conspire to overthrow the government. Representative Huddleston said, and "this is sufficient for protection in the present situation."

A nation-wide propaganda for drastic laws aimed at freedom of speech has been organized, Huddleston said.

"It has been supported by ample funds," he added. "Cloaked as 'Americanization' it has met with success. Reactionary press took up the cry, and it has been echoed by many illiberal bodies of business men its fruits are about to be gathered. Congress is about to respond. There is no danger of revolution in America."

JOHNSON READY TO PUT IN HIS NAME

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 17.—Initial steps by United States Senator Hiram W. Johnson, Republican, of California, to have his name placed on the Nebraska Presidential preference primary ballot, have been taken.

Japanese Arms Reach Mexico, Fall Reveals

Committee Learns Also of Another Shipment Expected from Spain

San Antonio, Tex., Jan. 17.—Mexico's objections to Mexicans testifying before the Senate sub-committee investigating Mexican affairs and a denial by Senator Fall on the stand that he had heavy interests in Mexico were developments today in connection with the Fall committee hearings here.

Mexico's objections will result, it is said, in an increased number of executive sessions by the committee. The impossibility that any effort will be made to compel any Mexican to testify was made clear by the committee today, but Mexicans will be asked to testify and in cases where the witnesses fear the results such protection as a secret hearing can afford will be offered. Most of today's testimony was taken in executive session and at least one witness was a Mexican.

Mexican secret service agents have appeared here in greater numbers since the hearing began and not one session has been held at which the Mexican Government was unrepresented was announced and was present merely as a spectator. Much of the testimony at the closed session related to robberies, outrages and oppressions inflicted upon Americans in Mexico, especially in the southern and eastern parts. Those testifying asked a secret hearing so that they might return to their holdings in Mexico.

The incident of the recent receipt by Mexico of arms and ammunition also was given some attention by the committee. There was placed before it information contained in a Mexican newspaper of January 12, that 18 carloads of arms and ammunition had reached Mexico from Pacific ports where it was disembarked. The shipment came from Japan, and, the paper added, another that had been contracted for by Candido Aguilar was coming from Spain. The make-up of the shipment was given as 300 machine guns, 5,000 Mauser rifles and a million cartridges.

The newspaper quoted anonymously a Cabinet member as saying:

"Now, indeed, I believe serious complications between our country and the United States are coming, not much because of the Jenkins case and the closing of the oil mines, but because there are now on the way two ships loaded with cartridges, one from Japan and the other from Spain."

The credited statement was made the paper said, prior to arrival of the Japanese warship and a munitions loaded merchant ship at Manzanillo on December 24.

SACRED PAPERS PHOTOGRAPHED

Declaration of Independence and Constitution Filmed to Fight Radicals

Washington, Jan. 17.—Recent activities of radical propagandists led Secretary Lansing this week to display, for the first time in eighteen years, the original parchments of the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution of the United States.

In the presence of a group of officials, the parchments were removed from a steel safe and placed on view in the State Department for an hour, while motion picture cameras recorded their appearance for the benefit of the 110,000,000 persons living under the principles enunciated by them.

Theatres from Maine to California and from the Gulf to Canada will exhibit the films in the coming weeks in an effort "to remove from the public mind in every city, town and village any possible effects of recent lied activities."

Owing to their age, exhibition of the parchments is a rare event. Exposure to light, even though each sheet is protected by hermetically-sealed glass plates, causes additional fading of the ink inscribing the immortal words which brought the Republic into being.

Both the Declaration and the Constitution were found in excellent condition. The former for many years has been very faded, due to the fact that a "better press" copy from which reproductions have come was made about seventy years ago and in the setting much of the ink was lost. The signatures are very distinct except for the famous "John Hancock" written extra large with flourishes and right in the most prominent place, so that his advocacy of the document's principles should be known to all the world.

In an address to the company witnessing the exhibition, Secretary Lansing said:

"Four great documents mark the progress of the struggle of a thousand years to attain the civil liberty which has found expression in American citizenship—Magna Charta in 1215, the English Bill of Rights in 1689, the Declaration of Independence in 1776, and the Constitution of the United States of America in 1778. Epoch-making as each of these documents is, it is the Constitution which represents the highest expression of the sovereignty of a free people.

"This great instrument, whose excellence has been proven in war as well as in peace, is the channel through which our national life finds true expression. May we never surrender this great birthright of American citizens. May we give to it our undivided allegiance. May we defend it, even with our lives, from every enemy who seeks to destroy it, in principle or power. As it shielded our forefathers and has shielded us, let us always shield it from profaning hands."

HAYS MEETS PARTY MEN IN CALIFORNIA

Los Angeles, Jan. 17.—Will H. Hays, chairman of the Republican National Committee, was greeted here today by thirty-three Republican leaders of Southern California and immediately went into conference with them.

Army All Wool Sox 50c

Cashmere 60c

Very Heavy Wool 1.25

One Buckle Cloth Top Arctic 1.35

Gloves 50c, 75c, 1.00

SUBMARINE COATS $24.50

GOVERNMENT ARMY WOOL BLANKETS 5.75

U. S. Cordovan Marine Shoes

Recently purchased from U. S. M. C. All government inspected, of very best quality materials, sizes 1½-11, EE and D widths. These shoes are used by uniformed men in the ships

7.85

Old Colony Storage Co. 22 Federal St.

Mail Orders. Postage Extra

Navy calfskin shoes, sizes 5-11, government inspected and so stamped, 3.75

Woolen Underwear, Navy Sweaters and Watch Caps, Sweat Shirts, Leather Vests, etc., etc.

Four buckle, all rubber Arctics, worth 5.00, 2.95

Name "Bayer" On Genuine Aspirin

BAYER

"Bayer" introduced Aspirin to physicians in 1900

To get the true, world-famous Aspirin, used for over nineteen years and proved safe by millions ask for an unbroken package of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" containing proper directions for Colds, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Joint Pains, and Pain generally.

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but few cents.
Druggists also sell larger "Bayer packages."

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

FORM CLUBS TO INVADE WET CANADA

Thirsty New Englanders Plan Vacation Trips Across Border

The formation of vacation clubs, the members of which will devote their savings to trips across the border to "wet" Canadian provinces, and the statement that palatial steamships, flying the British flag, selling liquor outside the three-mile limit, soon will ply between American and Canadian ports, were the developments of New England's first day of nation-wide prohibition.

From North Attleboro came the word of the founding of the first "Montreal Club, declared by those interested to be the beginning of a movement which will sweep over New England. Promoters of the scheme declare that clubs were forming in Manchester, Lowell, New Bedford and Lawrence to follow the example of fifty North Attleboro men.

FLOATING CABARET PALACES.

Boston shipping men were responsible for the statement that the establishment of steamship lines to Nassau for the benefit of the thirsty was under serious consideration by hotel and liquor men anxious for profitable investment.

According to the reports, Canadian as well as American capital is interested in the steamships, which will be little more than floating cabaret palaces, on which the passengers will make round trips with no thought of stepping ashore in Canada. American laws, as well as British, it was pointed out, could operate their vessels under British registry, exempting them from the operation of the prohibitory laws except when within the legal limit.

Prohibitionists, somewhat perturbed by the determination of these seekers after liquors, began to consider the possibility of preventive means. It was generally conceded, however, that even the eighteenth amendment could hardly be construed as binding all American citizens to remain within the confines of the country.

Some declared their belief that the passage of the bill now before Congress, which would prohibit American citizens from engaging in the liquor traffic in countries in which the United States has treaties, would be efficacious in curbing American globe trotters.

Boston itself was bone-dry, so far as Federal agents and police who scoured the city after midnight could determine, for no arrests for violations of the law were made during the day. A systematic search of storehouses, hotels and clubs was made, after having been carefully planned in advance. Eighty of the revenue men were at work in Massachusetts.

DESTROY LIQUOR "ADS."

The officers during the greater part of the day turned their attention to the obliteration of signs throughout the city advertising various brands of liquor. Agents were busy tearing down ancient posters or painting over signboards on which the virtues of whiskey, gin andbeer, words which cannot now legally be displayed in connection with an advertisement.

Boston saloons which have remained open since July 1 for dispensing near beer and soft drinks seemed to have been affected but slightly by the advent of constitutional prohibition. Most of the proprietors gave the impression that they were remaining open because their premises were leased and such slight revenue as soft drinks and sandwiches brought them was better than a total loss. Some of them have converted their saloons into lunchrooms, where frankfurts and fruits are sold, with sweet cider and imitation beers.

ON THE TRAIL OF CIDER.

Liquor men were driven further into the depths when it was officially announced that cider, even, is not exempt from the hands of the revenue men. Cider, although perfectly sweet when shipped from New Hampshire or Vermont, will contain enough alcohol to render it liable to seizure when it reaches Boston, according to revenue agents here.

Furthermore, the owner of such cider, caught with the liquor in his possession will be guilty of violating the law, even though the cider was perfectly sweet when he bought it.

William J. McCarthy, supervisor of the district and charged with the enforcement of the prohibition amendment, and Andrew J. Casey, acting collector of internal revenue, spent a busy twenty-four hours. With hardly enough leisure to eat lunch, they remained at their desks during the day, issuing orders to the revenue agents under their command and mapping out their plan of action.

FIRST ARREST UNDER PROHIBITION LAW

The first recorded arrest in Massachusetts for violation of the Constitutional Prohibition Amendment was made last night by Special Officer Patrick J. McNealy, who took Benjamin Krasoff, twenty-seven, of 107 Park street, Dorchester, into custody for selling a bottle of Jamaica ginger. McNealy, accompanied by another officer, went to Krasoff's place of business, 107-A Park street, where the "jakie" was purchased, and then Krasoff was placed under arrest. Several bottles of the ginger, which were on sale, were seized.

Krasoff, who is a Russian, will appear in the Federal Court tomorrow.

$2,000,000 LIQUOR CARGO FOR CUBA

New York, Jan. 17.—A $2,000,000 cargo of whiskey, gin and champagne left port today for Havana on the freighter Yarmouth. The liquors came from various parts of the country and had been stored on the docks pending arrangements for exporting it.

Three thousand cases of whiskey remained on the pier, as there was no room on the vessel.

Officers in Ten Regions to See U. S. Is Kept Dry

Washington, Jan. 17.—The United States, for the purpose of prohibition enforcement, was divided into ten departments or regions today, with a supervising federal prohibition agent in charge of each grand division.

Internal Revenue Commissioner Daniel C. Roper announced a complete list of the supervisors with the territory over which they will exercise control and jurisdiction. For New England they are:

Northeastern Department—William J. McCarthy, supervising agent, Albany, N. Y., comprising Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, New York (excepting Greater New York).

Greater New York Department—James S. Shevlin, supervising agent, New York city, comprising New York city, Long Island, Rhode Island and Connecticut.

MORE TIME FOR THE Y. D. DRIVE

With $140,000 of Fund for Club Raised, Campaign Ends Tomorrow Night

Continued From First Page.

ing, and yesterday added the total of more than $3,000 to the drive funds. The largest leather house donations were from Winslow Bros. & Smith Company, and Kistler Leah Leather Company, both giving $500. Four leather firms donated $250.

Mrs. George Howe of Cohasset sent her personal check for $1,000 yesterday, as did Gorham Peters, also of Cohasset. One of the little contributions which helped to cheer up the workers was from Lorimer E. Goodwin, Jr., known as the "Ammunition Train Baby."

Yesterday was a big day for the workers on Boston Common. The taggers with the YD buttons were everywhere in evidence. The rally at the YD hut jumped the fund several hundred dollars.

The Marine Corps came through in Heiteay Wood style yesterday noon by offering their services to a man to General Cole to aid in pushing the different Common rallies through to success. Corporal Keith handed the general a check for $25 from the Massachusetts Marine Corps Association.

The "Go-through-friends" of the Y. D. in the clothing industry have donated more than $5,000. Many employes of Boston firms yesterday afternoon, when they received their pay envelopes, asked the firm to deduct a dollar or two and forward it to the headquarters.

THANK THE ADVERTISER.

In a letter signed by Charles H. Cole, chairman of the executive committee, Willard B. Luther, chairman of the finance committee, and F. Nathaniel Perkins, chairman of the civilian committee, they give their sincere thanks for the work of the Boston Sunday Advertiser in aiding the drive.

ASKS TAX REFUND ON UNSOLD LIQUOR

Washington, Jan. 17.—Internal taxes on all unsold intoxicating liquors paid to the government by brewers and distillers would be refunded by the Treasury Department under a bill introduced today by Representative Sabath, Democrat, Illinois. Claims for such refunds would be received and decided by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

The department also would be permitted to dispose of any liquors acquired under the prohibition enforcement act for medicinal or manufacturing purposes or to the government departments for medicinal or scientific purposes.

20 Are Arrested

Twenty arrests for intoxication, the smallest number in years, were reported by the police of Boston on the first night of national prohibition. Stations 2 and 4 reported no arrests for drunkenness for the first time in the memory of the oldest police officers.

MRS. HOMER ALBERS of Brookline, chairman of ways and means committee for Smith drive.

WOMEN PEDDLE TO AID COLLEGE

Smith $4,000,000 Drive in Greater Boston Started With a Rush

Smith campaigners launched yesterday their great drive for an endowment fund of $4,000,000. Prominent alumnae of Greater Boston are pledged to raise $350,000, the quota of the Boston district. Under the direction of Mrs. Homer Albers of Brookline, chairman of the ways and means committee, plans have been concluded for a whirlwind campaign guaranteed to go over the top in record time.

"Made by Women; Sold by Women; Used by Women," was the slogan of Smith peddlers as they embarked yesterday with the wherewithal to swell their fund. Armed with cleansing fluid, they canvassed from house to house, selling a magic concoction guaranteed to cleanse anything from a party gown to a bathtub, from oil paintings to white kid gloves.

"Smith women are qualifying as first rate peddlers," declared Mrs. Albers. "When college girls take to the broad highways to sell their wares, they leave mere men in the shade.

Whitman Soldier Dead

Washington, Jan. 17.—Revision of army casualty lists added today to those killed in action the name of Private William S. Kennedy, Whitman, Mass.

COLD SNAP TO LAST TWO DAYS

Registration to Remain at 12 Above, According to Forecaster

Continued From First Page.

about, but otherwise there was little interference with the shipping.

Telephone and telegraph service suffered severely during the day, long distance calls being subject to long delays.

With seven or eight inches of snow left from the last storm, there was almost a foot of snow on the ground at Lexington. At Portland, Me., the snow amounted to almost a foot on the level. Street traffic was delayed and consewise shipping held up.

Aroostook County, Me., is having the season's first "real snow-storm." One and a half feet has fallen and a regular "northeaster" is in progress. Lumbermen are rejoicing, for it means thousands to them and other thousands to the county, for now the logs will be rushed to the landings for the Spring freshets.

The coldest spot on the continent last night was Winnipeg, with a temperature of 20 below. At Moorhead, North Dakota, it was 12 below. Coldest places in New England were Greenville, Me., and Northfield, Vt., each with a temperature of 12 above.

Yesterday was the anniversary of the blizzard of 1867, at which time it required three days to get into Boston from Dedham.

THIEVES GET $200 IN ROSLINDALE

The theft of clothing valued at $200 and a small amount of money, on last Friday afternoon, from the home of William Fitzgerald at No. 146 Newburgh street, Roslindale, has been reported to the police. Entrance was gained through a first floor bedroom window after the thieves had smashed the glass pane. At the time of the burglary no one was in the house. Joanna Gott, the housekeeper, discovered the break and notified the police.

RESERVE BANK TO BUILD NEW HOME

Ground will be broken in a few days for the new home of the Federal Reserve Bank at Pearl, Franklin and Oliver streets, the heart of the wholesale district. The structure will be ornamental in design, of granite and limestone and suggestive of architecture in northern Italy. Every modern facility for clearing house banking has been provided for in the plans and the structure will be made proof against mob attack.

Somerville Man Slain

Nashua, N. H., Jan. 17.—Samuel Norman of Somerville, Mass., died today of stab wounds inflicted after an argument with a fellow-laborer as to whom should be paid first. Charles Smith, with whom he quarreled, was arrested.

A. SHUMAN & CO.

Annual January Sale Boys' Wash Suits

Manufacturers' samples made up months ago, when labor was cheaper and materials lower in price. All sizes in galateas, Devonshires, madras, chambrays and Kiddy Cloths.

Models are Eton, Norfolk, Middy, Russian, Tommy Traddle, Jack Horner, Knockabout and wear resister.

Suits purchased at this sale will mean a saving of 30%. Early selection is advised.

3000 suits at the special sale prices of $2.45 and $2.95

Ages 2½ to 10

A Shuman & Co. Boston Shuman Corner

THE · SERVICE · STORE

Store Hours 9 to 5:30 Daily

15 WINTER ST.

VORENBERG'S

Our Pre-Inventory Sale

Mail Orders Given Prompt Attention
Remit by Check or Post Office Order

REGISTERED TRADE MARK

Complete Assortment of Shell Goods

Casque Combs

Large assortment of beautiful designs, each piece set with 40 fine cut stones of good brilliancy ..... $1.09 Each

Spanish Combs

Highly polished, several designs.. 59c Each

Silver Combination Set of Rogers 1881 Plate—Set consists of 6 medium knives, 12-wt., 6 forks, 6 dessert spoons, 6 teaspoons, butter knife and sugar shell. Guaranteed 19 years.. $10.99

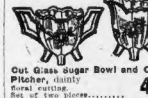
Cut Glass Rose Bowl, pawset combination floral design $3.99

Silver Fruit Bowl, Sheffield plate, gold lined, grape border. $4.69

Semi-Cut Glass Vase

12-inch size, attractive floral combination design. $2.49

Silver Plated Bread Tray, fine Sheffield plate. $2.69



Cut Glass Sugar Bowl and Cream Pitcher, dainty floral cutting. Set of two pieces..... 49c

Rogers 1881 Silver Plated Forks, the popular Revere pattern, guaranteed 10 years. Set of 6 pieces..... $2.29

Dessert Spoons to match. Set of 6..... $2.29

Ivory Finished Oil Lamp

10 inches high, 6-inch shade in rose, yellow, blue or pink. Complete with chimney, wick and shade. $1.75

Sterling Silver Deposit Salt and Pepper Shakers, silver plated tops. Per pair..... 69c

Ivory Finished Candlestick

12 inches high, shade in blue, red or yellow. Complete with shade holder and candle. $1.09

Simplex Vacuum Bottle

Black or green enamel case, aluminum cup and shoulder, new patent spring. $1.69

American Taffeta Umbrellas, 26 and 28 size, fine line of plain and fancy trimmed cord loop handles..... $2.59

Pure Aluminum Preserving Kettle, 4-qt. size $1.29

Quality Grand

Heavy Aluminum Sauce Pan 3-Piece Set

1-qt. size, 1½-qt. size, and 2-qt. size, made of 99% pure aluminum $1.79

Aluminum Roaster, 10½ inches in diameter. Quality Brand. Guaranteed 20 years. $1.49

Aluminum Double Boiler

2-quart size, made of 99% pure aluminum. $1.99

Nickel Wrist Watch, 7-jewel, stem wind, radium dial. Five suede straps. Formerly priced at $13.50. $7.49

Fishon Silverite Bar Pin, set with fine cut stones.. $1.19

Metal Bag Frames, embossed designs, chain handles 45c

10-Kt. Solid Gold Neck Chain, soldered links, safety catch. Special 49c

Glass Bon Bon Dish, removable silver plated handle, 6-inch size. 49c

Vachette Purse, stylish and well made, durable lining, outside pocket. Special $1.19

Solid Mahogany Boudoir Lamp, 15 inches high, figured silk shade, tufted. Special at $4.59

Nickel Alarm Clock, long, loud alarm, fully guaranteed, made by the Waterbury Clock Company $1.69

Professional or Students' Bag, made of genuine fine grain cowhide leather, nested frame, canvas lined, with pocket $3.49

Frying Pan, without hood. 8-inch size 29c

8-Inch Size Frying Pan 45c

HANAN

Semi-Annual

SALE

of

Men's and Women's

SHOES

AND EVENING SLIPPERS

This sale includes many lines of our choicest models and all are of the Hanan High Standard of Quality

Exceptional Price Reductions

Sale Starts Monday Morning, January 19

167 Tremont St.

SHOES

CHILDREN IN "TOM THUMB" WEDDING

With the full ceremony of a church marriage, more than fifty Stoneham children took part in the performance of a "Tom Thumb" wedding yesterday afternoon before 600 persons in the Old Armory, Stoneham. The wedding and other features of entertainment were to raise funds for the benefit of the story-telling hour committee of the Woman's Club of Stoneham.

Miss Helen Packard was the bride and Master Richmond Metcheey the bridegroom. Master Edward Pritchard of Medford acted as the clergyman. The Tristan sisters of Melrose gave an exhibition of toe dancing and Master Frank Currier, a member of the choir of Trinity Church, gave several soprano solos.

CHURCHES BENEFIT BY G. B. KNAPP'S WILL

Churches and hospitals benefit in the will of George B. Knapp of Newton, who died December 21, and which was filed in the Probate Court at East Cambridge yesterday. To Mrs. Anna J. Knapp he leaves his house on Central street, Auburndale. He creates a trust fund of $10,000, the income of which is to be paid to certain relatives during their lives and upon their deaths is to go to St. Johnsbury Academy at St. Johnsbury, Vt. He leaves the Newton Hospital $5,000, and $1,000 each to the Church of the Messiah, Auburndale; Auburndale Congregational Society and Centenary M. E. Church at Auburndale. To Berea College, Berea, Ky., he leaves $10,000.

Buy Foods Here At Low Prices

Ginter Qualities Are Unquestioned.

BUTTER 69c Lb. — Finest Quality Creamery Butter

EGGS 69c Doz. — Fine Grade Selected Warranted — Also "Wm. Elliot" Fresh Eggs, Doz. 59c

Cheese — White or Yellow Cream Cheese, Made from Pure Whole Milk and Fully Cured. Mild or Snappy — Lb. 39c

TEAS — Formosa Oolong, Exp. Breakfast, Green and Black Mixed — Other Stores Charge 50c. Our Price, Lb. 45c

Coffee — Other Stores Charge 55c — Lb. 43c

Coffee — Other Stores Charge 65c — Lb. 49c

Ceylon Pekoe Tea, 60c Value Elsewhere, Lb. 45c

"Golden Fame" High Blend Old Coffee — "John Alden" Coffee Perfection

Cocoa 1 lb. Famous "Golden Fame" Cocoa, Pound Dissolvable 2 1-2 Lb. Can 35c, 5 Oz. Can 15c — 1 Lb. 37c

Cond. Milk Standard Can or Lion Can 20c — Raisins Well-Cleaned IDEAL — Pkg. 18c

Evap. Milk Van Camp's TALL or Low Can 16c — Jelly Pure Fruit, Current or Grape or Tumblers — 14c

Royal Bak. Powder 12 Oz. Can 38c — Pea Beans SMALL WHITE — Lb. 9c

Soap GOODWILL OR SUNNY MORN 5 Bars 33c — Macaroni "Golden Fame" or Warren's PKG — 10c

Old Dutch Cleanser Can 8c — Rolled Oats Quaker 5 Lbs. 29c

Karo Crystal White (Red Label) . . Can 24c — Corn Meal Yellow Grain Quaker Co. 5 Lbs. 25c

Educator Bran Pkg. 12c — Peanut Butter Planet Mills — Lb. 25c

Sunnycorn The New Cereal . Pkg. 17c — Pure Lard Cut from Tub — Lb. 30c

KloeserS Washing Powder Pkg. 25c — Bacon Un-Sliced Mech. Sliced (Lb. 39c) — Lb. 43c

Flour "Golden Fame" "Gilded Medal" 7-lb Bag 1.45 — 12-Lb. Bag 1.90 — Bag 1.95

City Stores Quick Delivery — FREE MOVY POINTS, 15 MILES—$7.50 ONWARD

The GINTER Co.

New City Store Just Opened at 227 Friend Street NEAR NORTH STATION

2 Union St. cor. Elm St. (opp. Market) — 1.3 Summer St. (South Terminal) — 32 Tremont St. (nr. Bromfield) — 45 Bromfield St. (Near Corner Tremont) — 569 Washington St. (Near Adams)

Also 120 Suburban Grocery Stores

GAS KILLS LEGISLATOR AND WIFE

Representative and Mrs. James Morrison Found Dead in Home

COUPLE WIDELY KNOWN IN MEDFORD

Arrangements Being Made for Double Funeral Service

Medical Examiner Charles F. McCaffery of Somerville last night ended the mystery surrounding the death yesterday of Representative and Mrs. James Morrison of Medford, when he reported that they died of accidental gas poisoning.

Earlier in the day the fact that the couple were found in different rooms and somewhat puzzled the physicians, and caused us to weaken the theory that death was due to coal gas escaping from the furnace.

Mr. Morrison was found dead in the bathroom of the home at No. 472 Main street, Medford. His wife was in a sitting position on the kitchen floor when found. Both were fully dressed. All the windows were tightly closed, and the odor of gas still strong when the tragedy was discovered. It is believed that death came to the couple about midnight.

In the preliminary investigation the police failed to note the embers of the furnace fire, and only noticed the fire in the coal range, which would scarcely have generated enough gas to cause death. This fact at first puzzled them considerably.

Mr. Morrison was sixty-three years old, and Mrs. Morrison sixty. Few persons were better known in Medford, where the husband was for years an active politician and leading member of the Republican party.

Representative Morrison organized the South Medford Republican Club and served as its president for six years. He was chairman of the Republican City Committee for two terms, and was active in every city and State campaign.

He was first elected to the Legislature from Medford in 1916, and was re-elected the two following years.

REPRESENTATIVE JAMES MORRISON, of Medford, who was found dead with his wife at their home. They were victims of coal gas.

Beaten in 1918, he was returned last November. Representative Morrison was a member of the Joint Committee on Insurance and the author of many bills dealing with Medford, including the bills for the construction of the two Junior High schools and the Riverside Avenue Improvement Bill.

The Morrisons lived in an apartment above a news store they conducted, and their failure to take in bundles of papers left at the door led neighbors to investigate.

There will be a double funeral service, arrangements for which are being made by Mrs. Laura Hallett of Winthrop, a daughter, and J. Morrill Morrison, a son, now on the New York stage.

SECRETARY LANE'S DAUGHTER TO WED

Washington, Jan. 17.—Secretary of the Interior, Franklin K. Lane, and Mrs. Lane, tonight announced the engagement of their only daughter, Nancy, to Philip C. Kauffmann, son of Mr. and Mrs. Victor Kauffmann of this city. The wedding will take place the late spring.

FIRE TIES UP LYNN TRAFFIC

5,000 Watch Battle With Flames in Central Square

Street cars and pedestrian traffic through Central square, Lynn, was tied up for one half an hour shortly after 6 o'clock last night when a fire damaged the building at No. 21 Central square.

Shoppers were advised to make detours from the square was roped off by order of Chief Edward Chase in order that efforts of the firemen to control the fire and save the Boston and Maine structure nearby might be unhampered.

DORCHESTER THREE-DECKER DAMAGED

A fire at No. 4 Brenton street, Dorchester, in the three-flat wooden house owned by Alfred Adams, caused $500 damage last night.

The contents of the house occupied by Mary Chilquin was badly damaged. The cause of the blaze is unknown.

WINTHROP SCHOOL DESTROYED BY FIRE

The Highland Grammar School, located on the top of Winthrop Highlands, was destroyed by fire yesterday, affording a spectacle which was visible for miles.

Winthrop and Revere firemen, assisted by 150 soldiers from Fort Banks, fought for hours to extinguish the blaze, but were successful only in preventing its spread to neighboring residences. The cause was unknown.

The damage was $75,000, much of which might have been avoided had it not been for low pressure in the water mains.

FIRE ROUTS EIGHT WEST END FAMILIES

Eight families were driven from their homes by fire in the five-story brick building at No. 160 Lowell street, West End, late last night. The fire started from an unknown cause in the clothing store of Myer Wagonsky, on the ground floor.

Smoke pouring into the tenements on the four upper floors compelled the occupants to vacate. They included on the fire escapes, while the firemen extinguished the flames on the first floor.

The damage is estimated at $500.

WAILING GHOST IS BOY IN PIPE

Mystery That Kept Providence Trembling for a Week Is Solved

Providence, Jan. 17.—The "ghost of Pond street" was laid today. The "imprisoned spirit" which has been haunting the cellar of a tenement and attracting thousands by its piteous cries turned out to be a small boy shouting down an empty sewer pipe.

To Louis Rosoleny of this city goes the credit for ending down the mouth of the sewer pipe, and showing it up as an impostor. Nevertheless, exposure did not come until the "ghost" had had its day. For more than a week now it has wept and raved and moaned and pleaded for relief, while the superstitious went about with hair upstanding, and gifted mediums gathered from far and near.

The "ghost of Pond street" entered the "haunting" business on a big scale just a week ago. On that date the two families occupying the house at No. 297 Pond street were horrified to hear what sounded like a human voice coming from the interior of a prosaic sewer pipe in the cellar. Upstairs the stove rattled, and the lids blew off, as if the spirit were wrestling with other worldly powers for its liberty.

The sounds resolved themselves into words, according to Mrs. Nelson Girard and Mrs. Rosalena LaValley, who live in the house. Twice each day at 8.30 in the morning and 12.45 in the afternoon, the ghost of the sewer pipe would begin to sob and moan.

"Let me out of here" he would beg. "Let me out of here. I am hungry. Let me out of here."

Sometimes the ghost would become argumentative, and other times violent, as if he were being assaulted. On such occasions his voice would rise to a shout, as he exclaimed threateningly, "Keep away from me. Keep away from me."

He was evidently a union ghost, working only at the hours mentioned, and usually bringing his plaint to an abrupt end. The women of the house feared to go down into the cellar, listened with bated breath from the head of the stairs. The owner of the property bewailed his luck, that a ghost should pick out his house to do his spooking in, and the fame of the spirit of the sewer pipe spread far and wide.

When the curious began to gather, one remembered that a man named Frank Williams had been murdered in the old house years ago. Naturally, the imaginative listeners could soon make out the name of the murdered man in the ravings of the spook and the element of horror was increased.

Police guards were set to patrolling the place, to keep the crowds from breaking their necks on the rickety stairs, and to arrest the ghost for disturbance of the peace, should occasion offer.

A number of amateur spiritualist mediums visited the place today and held communion with the imprisoned spirit, urging him to tell his wants.

Secretly, the handsomely dressed Rosoleny lies in the crowd this afternoon, and 2,000 had gathered by the time that the mystery had been solved.

The Customers of The GINTER Co will now find on sale (AT ALL STORES)

A pure, sweet product of remarkable merit—made of the highest grade materials, embodying all the many advantages of nut butter and without preservatives. An economic food product of warranted quality, a leader in its field.

Get a pound of First Prize NUT BUTTER

at the nearest Ginter Store this week—try it at your own table.

We Give and Redeem Merchants Legal Stamps

This Store Is as Near to You as the Nearest Mail Box

Shopping by mail has its conveniences that out-of-town shoppers may safely take advantage of.

GILCHRIST CO.

THE STORE OF PROGRESS

Men's High Grade Percale Shirts With Laundered Cuffs, $2.25

Fine count percale in black and white, also fancy stripe effects with 5-button front, in sizes 14 to 17.

Women's and Misses' Suits

$25.00

$25.00

In silvertone, velours or oxford, in attractive flare styles or smartly tailored models. Every suit right up to the minute in style and richly lined with silk; splendid variety of the popular shades.

Dress Skirts Of All Wool Plaids $15.00

Fashioned in stylish box or side plaited models of green or brown combinations. Sizes in the assortment up to 30 waist.

Special Sale of "Wilwear"

Bath Room Fixtures

NOTICE! These well known bathroom fixtures regularly sell at $1.00 to $1.50. Because we own several thousand pieces at our own price we will sell them at, each 79c

"Wilwear" bathroom fixtures are made of solid brass, polished or nickel plated, and at our sale price should sell like "wild-fire."

24-Inch Nickel Plated Towel Bars.
30-Inch Nickel Plated Towel Bars.
18-Inch Glass Towel Bars, with nickel plated brackets.
24-Inch Glass Towel Bars, with nickel plated brackets.
24-Inch Glass Shelves, nickel plated brackets.
Bath Spray, with rubber hose.
Bath Seats.
Tumbler Holders.
Wall Soap Dish.
Tumbler and Tooth Brush Holder.
Bath Tub Soap Dish.
Toilet Paper Holders.

Undermuslins Moderately Priced

Flannelette Pajamas $2.45

Of very good quality flannelette. Two-piece model trimmed with silk frogs. All sizes.

Outsize Cotton Night Gowns, $1.95

Well wearing heavy grade cotton. Neck either high or V style, tucked yoke, neck and sleeves edged with dainty embroidery.

Flannelette Gowns $1.95 — V neck, with yoke trimmed with fagotting.

Cotton Drawers 79c — Circular leg style trimmed with ruffle of embroidery.

Sheets, Etc.

Important Price Savings for the Discerning Shoppers.

Double Bed Sheets, Each $1.69

Made from 2¾-yard wide sheeting torn 2½ yards long. Because of the low price we must make a limit of not over 4 doz. to a customer.

Pepperell and Security Bleached Sheets of 2½ yards wide sheeting 2½ yards long. Each $1.98

Silkaline Covered Comfortable—Stitched, extra large size, in green, blue and pink. Special at $5.98

White Double Bed Blankets—Size 70x80, with blue and pink borders. Priced at, pair $6.39

Bascon Crib Blanket — White with neat blue and pink borders; size 32x42. Special at, pair $1.25

Flannels, Etc.

White Outing Flannel—One-yard wide, good quality, priced at, yard 39c

Government Shirting Flannel—Splendid quality, one-yard wide. Yard 85c

Plain White Flannelette—36 inches wide, mill short lengths, 3 to 10 yards. Special at, yard 29c

Beach Cloth—Oyster white, suitable for skirting or suits, 52 in. wide. Special at, yard 42c

Four Hosiery Specials

Women's Pure Dye Silk Stockings $1.65

In the popular lace effects. Seamed back—extra spliced heels and toes—reinforced lisle garter top. Exceptional value.

Women's Pure Dye Silk Stockings

Full fashioned—extra high spliced heels, reinforced lisle soles and garter top—Black, Cordovan and Beaver. $1.39

Irregulars of a $2.25 quality.

Children's Socks 35c
3 pair for $1.00
Mercerized Lisle; white, pink and Blue with fancy colored top—Regular 50c value.

Children's Stockings 35c
3 pair for $1.00
Mercerized Lisle—Derby Ribbed—full fashioned, extra spliced heels and toes—black and brown.

Men's Sample Gloves

Direct from the Country's Largest and Most Dependable Glove Maker at a Price Concession

Were it permissible to use the maker's name in this announcement it would be impossible for us to fill the demand for these well-known gloves. Each pair stamped with maker's name.

Men's Gloves Values from $3.50 to $5.50 a Pair $1.95

Lot No. 1 includes capeskin, kid, mocha, chamois, or suede, for street, dress or golf wear. Every pair well made; perfect fitting, and in excellent condition.

Men's Gloves Values from $6.00 to $15.00 a Pair $4.95

Lot No. 2 includes buck, mocha or capeskins lined with squirrel, rabbit, lamb's wool or with hand-knit lining. Some two-in-one gloves. Exceptional value.

Silks

Of the better sort, most reasonably priced.

Black Satin Duchesse, Yd. $2.69

Very good quality for skirts, dresses or linings, 36 inches wide.

White Habutai—36 inches wide; standard wash quality, in an excellent weight. Specially priced, yard $1.79

Crepe Georgette—40 inches wide; splendid weight, flesh or ivory. Specially priced this sale, at, yd. $2.50

Dress Goods

Silk and Wool Poplin, Yd. $1.98

42 inches wide; brown, green, blue, plum and garnet; excellent quality.

54-Inch Tweeds, Pom Poms, Silvertones, Burella, Etc.—All wool materials, suitable for coats and suits. Specially priced $1.98

40-Inch Black Storm Serge—All wool, good, splendid weight for skirts, dresses or bloomers $1.50

Tailor Made Muff Bed Forms $2.00

Best quality linings, trimmed and filled with best filling, black and brown.

Georgette Waists

That Ordinarily Sell for a Much Higher Price.

$5.00

Styles That Are Becoming. Different and Very Much in Vogue.

Designs in smart dressy models, very attractively embroidered or beaded; in the round neck or square collar style.

White, Flesh or Navy, in All Sizes.

Fancy Linens

Four filet lace values that are exceptional. They represent a purchase made some months ago and are way below today's wholesale price.

$4.00 Filet Lace Table Covers Priced $2.98

45 inches round, with neat lace edge, in very desirable pattern. A worthwhile value in this sale.

$1.50 Filet Edge Centerpieces 89c

24 inch size; the lace on some of these centerpieces measures 9 inches wide.

Lace Covers $3.50
Worth $5.50
54 inches; of very fine filet lace, in attractive patterns with lace edge 10 in. wide.

Lace Scarfs $1.69
Worth $2.75
To match the lace covers at $3.50 — shown in 3 sizes; made in effective patterns.

$2.79 Filet Lace Covers, $1.69

Dainty pattern Filet lace, round, very desirable size.

Knitting Yarns Reduced

65c Knitting Yarns 3 balls for $1.00 or 35c Ball

Superior quality. Grey, khaki, natural or mixture.

1.00 Knitting Yarn, Skein 55c

Mixed grey 4-fold knitting yarn, very good for making wearing apparel for men or boys.

Tan Mixed Stocking Yarn—Large size hanks. Usual value $1.25; specially priced at, hank 75c

Yes, More Waists

Wonderful collection—*more* wonderful values. Not one whit less interesting than the remarkable offering of last week. If you failed to lay in a supply then, do so *now*. These waists tell a story of value that no other waists in Boston can tell.

Values up to $6.00
NOVELTY, FRENCH and DOMESTIC VOILE and BATISTE WAISTS, white and pastel shades—hand embroideries, insertions, dainty laces and some with real filet. Beautiful collar, tie and cuff effects...
$2.95

An apology is due ladies who found it difficult in getting attention last Monday. We really did not expect such demand. More salespeople tomorrow.

Women's and Misses' Finest Satin Dresses
$45 and $55 values
$25

Choice of Any Women's and Misses' Suit in Stock
Values up to $100
$45

Peter L. Flynn Co
164 Tremont Street
PARIS BOSTON NEW YORK

Enjoy the Satisfaction of An Immaculate Home

What a pleasure it is to know that your home is absolutely immaculate, that every crack and corner is clean. Such cleanliness is possible only when every bit of dust and dirt is taken out of the house with every cleaning. The only way to get the dirt out is the use of an efficient vacuum cleaner.

The Thor Electric Vacuum Cleaner is a dependable household helper. It has the Thor thread picker that gets every particle of thread, lint and dirt the first time over. It is light and easy to handle. Clean the house from top to bottom with the Thor and it leaves you as fresh as when you started.

Thor
Electric Vacuum Cleaner No. 12

$2.50 Down; $3.50 a month

It takes only $2.50 to have a Thor delivered to your home. The balance is payable in small monthly amounts of $3.50 each. It more than repays its cost in a short time, saving strength, time and carpets.

Call at our shop and see the Thor today. Or telephone and arrange to have a Thor delivered to your home.

Thor Electric Shop
209 Tremont Street Phone Beach 5095 Little Bldg.

MACLAURIN'S FUNERAL AT 3 P. M. TODAY

Body Will Lie in State at Tech from Noon to 1:30

SERVICE TO FOLLOW IN NEW OLD SOUTH

Body Will Be Placed in Vault at Mt. Auburn Cemetery

Dignitaries of State and city and leading educators of New England unite today with thousands of Technology undergraduates and alumni in paying funeral tribute to Richard C. Maclaurin, late president of the Institute, who died last Thursday evening of pneumonia.

From noon until 1:30 p. m. the body of Technology's greatest president will lie in state in the main entrance hall of the buildings which are his monument, undergraduates and alumni being admitted to the hall.

Five students, each a war veteran with distinguished service overseas, will guard the catafalque, while an escort of the oldest Technology employes, many of them a score of years in service, will escort the casket from the Maclaurin home on Charles River road to the hall at 11:30.

At 1:30 p. m. the bearers, all of them members of the senior class, will carry the casket through the great court of the Institute, where thousands of mourners will be gathered, to the hearse on Charles River road. Then the funeral procession will proceed to the Old South Church, Copley Square, where formal services will take place at 3 o'clock, Rev. Dr. George A. Gordon officiating.

FLOWERS OMITTED.

The services will be simple, in accordance with the request of Mrs. Maclaurin. Flowers will be omitted and the music will be confined to organ selections.

Seats in the church will be reserved for the entire student body, the faculty and instructing staff, representatives of other institutions and societies, the alumni and members of the corporation. The balconies will be open to the public.

Following the brief service, President Maclaurin's body will be taken to Mt. Auburn Cemetery, where services will be held for members of the immediate family. The body will be placed in the cemetery vault. Permanent interment probably will be at Mt. Auburn, it was declared yesterday.

Francis R. Hart, treasurer of the Institute and chairman of the joint committee of the corporation and faculty in charge of the funeral, issued the list of active and honorary pall bearers late yesterday. The honorary bearers and the ushers at the church will be as follows:

HONORARY BEARERS:

Governor Calvin Coolidge, Welles Bosworth, architect of the Technology buildings; Dean Alfred E. Burton, Professor Davis R. Dewey, General Coleman du Pont, president of the alumni association; George Eastman, the Institute's greatest benefactor; Merton L. Emerson, William Endicott, Frederick P. Fish, Judge Robert Grant, Francis R. Hart, Charles Hayden, Edmund Hayes, Walter Humphreys, Dr. Malcolm Kinsella, brother-in-law of Dr. Maclaurin; President A. Lawrence Lowell of Harvard, Charles T. Main, Everett Morss; James P. Munroe, secretary of the corporation; Henry S. Pritchett, former president of the Institute; James Ford Rhodes; Professor Robert H. Richards; Chief Justice Arthur P. Rugg; Professor William T. Sedgwick; Dr. Payson Smith; Professor Charles M. Spofford; Charles A. Stone, Moorfield Storey; Professor Henry P. Talbot; Elihu Thomson; Ambrose Walker, son of the late President Walker; Edwin S. Webster and George Wigglesworth.

TECH HEADS AS USHERS.

The ushers are the heads of Technology departments; Professors D. C. Jackson, W. H. Walker, E. B. Wilson, W. B. Lawrence, A. L. Merrill, H. G. Pearson, H. W. Tyler, H. M. Goodwin, Henry Fay, R. S. Williams, Bursar H. S. Ford, and the following representatives of the alumni:

Henry Morse, A. F. Hemis, F. H. Fay, J. W. Litchfield, Jasper Whiting and George L. Gilmore.

The actual bearers will include the following seniors: Norris G. Abbott, Jr., Warren G. Cofren, John C. Nash, Edwin D. Ryer, Percy Hughes, Count B. Capp, Scott H. Wells and Kenneth F. Akers.

Edward Pennell Brooks, '17; John M. deBell, '17; Donald D. Warner, '18, and J. Sidney Marino, '20, are the overseas men who have been selected as the guard of honor.

Almost every city and town in the United States is represented in the flood of telegrams and letters of condolence which have arrived hourly at the institute since the fact of Dr. Maclaurin's death became known. Technology clubs by the score sent expressions of sorrow, as did the heads of practically every college and institution of higher learning in the country.

CABLES FROM ABROAD.

Yesterday cablegrams were received from President Maclaurin's relatives in Scotland and England as well as educators and men high in public life in those countries.

The Institute plant, deserted on account of the suspension of classes, presented an aspect of activity during the afternoon when a score of men worked until dark clearing the great court of the Institute of the tons of snow which covered the ground. Everywhere flags drooped at half mast. In the stately marble entrance hall, where the body of the president will lie today, a single huge mourning wreath had been hung. The shades of Dr. Maclaurin's office were pulled down.

Our Self-Acting Reduction Plan Creates Bargains

GILCHRIST'S BASEMENT STORE
A Legal Stamp with Every 10¢ Purchase

No Mail or Phone Orders Filled in Basement

Women's —AND— Misses' Winter Coats
$15.50

An out-of-the-ordinary lot of excellent wearing, splendid fitting coats of silvertone, wool velour and polo cloth, in smart loose or belted styles; in reindeer, brown and other desirable shades.

Smart Serge —AND— Jersey Dresses
$12.98

This is an exceptional lot of stylish wool jerseys and men's wear serges; in straight line or tunic models; either braided or embroidered; navy and colors. A value that every woman will appreciate.

BASEMENT
Sample Petticoats
$1.98

From a well-known manufacturer. Made of excellent quality material, including fancy cotton fabrics; in a variety of desirable colors, also black.

Jersey Knit Petticoats
Splendid wearing, good fitting petticoats and at a money saving price 79c

BASEMENT
BOYS' OVERCOATS
$4.85
For the little fellow of 3 to 9 years.

BASEMENT
WOMEN'S SAMPLE GLOVES
59c
Purchased from a well-known high-grade Glove Maker at a Big Reduction in price.
The Savings we effected permit us to sell them almost at cost price.
These gloves are of fine quality suedine with two clasps and embroidery backs; in a variety of colors; also black or white.

DUPLEX SILK GLOVES 99c
Very good wearing gloves at a very low price. Gray only; in all sizes.

BASEMENT
MORNING DRESSES

Regular and Extra Sizes } for $1.98
Of a good quality percale or gingham, in the latest models. Tailored or embroidery styles; neatly trimmed.

Kitchen Aprons for 29c
Made of percale, in light or dark grounds.

BASEMENT

Box Plaited Skirts
$3.98
Made in up-to-the-minute patterns of novelty plaids; cut full, and well tailored; brown and other colors to choose from.

BASEMENT
Women's Felt Top BOOTS
$2.69

Well made, of a good wearing leather; warm felt uppers; rubber heels and patent tips; in a variety of desirable sizes.

BASEMENT
Women's Outsize Cotton Union Suits 49c
Sizes 40 to 44
Of very good quality jersey ribbed cotton, in low neck, sleeveless style, with wide lace knee.

Children's Winter Underwear. 45c
Vests and pants, full bleached, fleece lined cotton; sizes 2 to 16 years.

Boys' Cotton Shirts. 49c
A splendid quality grey fleeced lined cotton at a very low price.

BASEMENT
UNDERGARMENTS
Featuring Rich Satin and Crepe de Chines at Lowest Prices

CAMISOLES
Satin and crepe de chine; georgette top.
99c

CAMISOLES
Satin and crepe de chine, lace trimmed.
69c

ENVELOPES
Satin, beautiful models, Paris laces.
$2.98

Envelopes, Corset Covers and Drawers
Lace and embroidery.
69c

Envelopes and Drawers
With lace, embroidery and ribbon.
99c

BASEMENT

Manufacturer's Sample Lines and Seconds
Children's Fine Gingham Dresses and Rompers

CHILDREN'S DRESSES
Fine gingham; beautiful colors; many charming models; 2 to 6 yrs.

CHILDREN'S BLOOMER PEG TOP ROMPERS
Beautiful models; 2 to 6 yrs.

CHILDREN'S AND INFANTS' CREEPERS
Wonderful assortment; 6 mos. to 2 yrs.

CHILDREN'S GINGHAM DRESSES
Many chic models; 4 and 5 years.

99c — $1.49

Boston's ONLY Basement Store Giving Legal Stamps

OIL REPORTED NEAR BROCKTON

Seepage on Averill Farm Causes Real Estate Values to Rise

Brockton, Jan. 17. — A report that there is an oil field within three miles of Brockton city hall and that development work will begin as soon as the frost is out of the ground has boosted real estate values in Brockton and Bridgewater a thousand per cent. in twenty-four hours. A select few have known for several ayed it. He pronounced it petroleum. I made some inquiries and decided to develop it next Spring. I have been offered $50,000 for the field, but it is not for sale."

months that petroleum is seeping through the soil on a farm in East Bridgewater, owned by Mrs. E. E. Averill, widow of a wealthy Brockton manufacturer, but the news did not become public property until the recent snowfall. The petroleum has discolored a patch of snow more than an acre in extent, which caused inquiries to be made of Mrs. Averill. Mrs. Averill said:

"My fifteen-year-old son, Roland, discovered the oil seeping through the ground two years ago. At that time I thought that it was, perhaps, oil that had been spilled in ponds and swamps to kill mosquitoes. Our farm was reclaimed from rough timberland by Mr. Averill, and this seemed a reasonable explanation.

"The seeping increased, the oil-covered area became larger and the soil more thoroughly saturated, so my theory was exploded. Last Summer I took a sample to George E. Holling, Brockton city chemist, and he an-

The discovery of petroleum in Brockton recalls the early discovery in Pennsylvania, where ground seepage on a small scale revealed the immense stores of oil below, which were the source of the Rockefeller and many other fortunes.

The discovery of oil has created a fever of excitement in the vicinity of the Averill farm. Farms that could have been bought for a song a week ago are not for sale at any price today, and Brockton and Bridgewater are looking forward to an oil boom next Spring.

It is believed that the discovery is due to the large amount of dynamite used in blasting out rocks and stumps in reclaiming the farm by the late Mr. Averill. The seepage is thick and gummy. This is due, it is believed, to the evaporation of the lighter oils of petroleum as it is exposed to air.

ANNOUNCING
SHOWING OF ADVANCE VERSIONS IN
MILLINERY MODES
FOR THE
SOUTHLAND
AND
EARLY SPRING WEAR
Leon
WASHINGTON AND WEST STREETS

Griffin's January Mark-Down Sale of Fine Furs and Fur Coats

FOR MEN AND WOMEN

The best weather that Boston has seen for years—crisp, keen and bracing—can be enjoyed to the utmost if you are warmly clad. We offer the following specially selected and specially priced items for the consideration of those in need of furs to meet the unusual weather conditions.

Women's Fur Coats

Sheep Lined (Ba Ba) Coat	$52.50	$80
Marmot Coat	$100.00	$145
Raccoon Coat	$150.00	$225
French Seal Coat	$150.00	$225
Natural Muskrat Coat	$225.00	$300
Leopard Coat	$275.00	$350
Hudson Seal Coat (plain)	$285.00	$350

All our higher priced Fur Garments marked down accordingly

Men's Fur Coats

Imitation Cub Bear Coat	$30	$40
Black Dog Coat	$62.50	$75
Wombat Coat	$175.00	$225
Raccoon Coat	$250.00	$450

Men's Fur-Lined Coats

Sheep Lined (Ba Ba)	$25.00	$35
Marmot Lined, Hudson Seal Collar	$145.00	$200
Muskrat Lined, Otter Collar	$275.00	$350
Mink Lined, Otter Collar	$500.00	$700

All our higher priced Men's Fur Coats marked down accordingly

Fur Muffs

Hudson Seal Muff	$25.00	$35
Wolf Muff	$25.00	$40
Raccoon Muff	$25.00	$40
Mole Muff	$30.00	$50
Skunk Muff	$47.50	$70
Fox Muff	$50.00	$75
Mink Muff	$70.00	$100

All our higher priced Muffs marked down accordingly

Fur Scarfs

Raccoon Scarf	$20.00	$30
Hudson Seal Scarf,	$20.00	$32 50
Wolf Scarf	$30.00	$45
Fox Scarf	$35.00	$50
Skunk Scarf	$35.00	$50
Mole Scarf	$60.00	$95
Mink Scarf	$125.00	$200

All our higher priced Scarfs marked down accordingly

GEO. L. GRIFFIN & SON, Inc.
Boston's Old Reliable Fur House
368-370 Washington Street
Opposite Bromfield St.
Boston, Mass.

JITNEY MEN WILL DEFY GOVERNOR

Ruled Off Streets of Salem, But Will Run Today

STATE POLICE TO ENFORCE ORDER

Trolley Service Resumed Following Conference in Boston

Salem jitney drivers last night decided to defy the order of Governor Coolidge to cease operation.

The Governor's order followed a conference at the State House with Mayors of Salem, Peabody, Beverly and Marblehead and a representative of Danvers.

The Governor based his order on an opinion of Attorney-General Henry A. Wyman declaring that the jitneys were operating illegally in Salem.

Deputy Chief George R. Neal of the State Police received orders to arrest every jitney driver attempting to operate in Salem today. He will have a strong force of police to enforce the order.

Crowds gathered in Town House square, Salem, last night and hooted the trolley cars and those operating them. The cars were boycotted and few persons rode in them. Six members of the City Council held a private conference last night to arrange a council meeting to take up jitney licenses. This would be a defiance of Governor Coolidge.

TO CONTINUE SERVICE.

"Until we receive orders from the city government or the city police to cease operation," said W. Ray Hemion, president of the Salem Jitney Association, last night, "we will continue the satisfactory service we have given during the past few days. We do not wish to antagonize anyone, but as the city officials allowed us to run they must be the ones to order us to stop. Everyone is satisfied with the service, and in one case this morning a jitney took passengers from a street car that was held up by the snow."

"I have received no orders from the Mayor to stop the jitneys," said City Marshal James Dooley. "I have heard that Mr. Neal and other members of the State police are coming here tomorrow to stop them, but I am without orders on the subject."

Jitneys have been running in Salem pending the outcome of a referendum election to determine if the city council was right in revoking their licenses at the instance of the public trustees of the Eastern Massachusetts street railway. Street car service has been suspended since last Wednesday, because the jitneys were allowed to run after their licenses had been revoked. The controversy has extended over several weeks.

Governor Coolidge gave the jitneymen until this morning to "get off the streets," and announced an agreement with the street railway trustees by which street car service was partially resumed late yesterday afternoon. The car service was nearly normal last night, and by today will be fully restored, according to District Manager Hardy.

The jitneymen last night declared that Salem city officials had not accepted the Governor's ruling. Mayor Sullivan last night said that the special election on the jitney question would be held on January 27 as scheduled, so far as he was concerned. If city officials maintain that this is legal the jitneymen feel that they are within their rights in operating.

In Peabody, Beverly and Marblehead and the town of Danvers Governor Coolidge's action was generally approved last night. While those communities had slightly better local car service than Salem since the trolleys stopped on Wednesday, they had no jitney service. It was in response to their appeals that Governor Coolidge called yesterday's conference.

"Our position," said Mayor Dennis J. Sullivan of Salem last night, "is the same as it was before the conference. We agree that Salem needs the street cars, that traffic cannot be handled by jitneys, and I believe the people of Salem will vote for the street cars when the referendum election is held on January 27. However, we believe we were right in ordering the election as requested in a petition signed by half our registered voters and as far as we are concerned the election will be held. If anyone wants to petition the Supreme Court, they may. We cannot constitutionally do it."

REFUSE TO YIELD.

Governor Coolidge issued his ultimatum to both parties in the controversy only after a two-hour public conference in his council chamber. After holding a short private conference with the mayors and city solicitors of the cities represented, the attorney-general and Homer Loring and Arthur G. Wadleigh of the Eastern Massachusetts Railway trustees he announced his decision to send Deputy Chief Neal of the State police to Salem this morning to arrest the jitney drivers who might be operating.

The public conference was marked by a firm determination on the part of Mayor Sullivan and the city solicitor of Salem not to yield one point in their stand. Several times it threatened to break up and it was only after the Salem officials had conceded the single point that the Salem police would co-operate with the state police, if the Governor sent them, that a decision was reached.

Delegations from Beverly, Peabody and Marblehead, at whose request the conference was called, pointed out that they had met every request of the street railway and were being punished with poor service on account of Salem. They declared that they were in danger of losing all their transportation service if Salem decided in favor of the jitneys and they wished to know in advance so that they could make some plans of their own, although they wanted to keep the street cars if possible.

Bigelow Plant in Lowell Sold to Boston Men

Deal Estimated at $2,000,000, Is Expected to Bring New Industries to City

Lowell, Jan. 17.—A two million dollar plant, covering an area of ten acres and consisting of twenty mills in the heart of the city, was bought today by J. Murray Howe and H. B. K. Willis & Co., both of Boston, from their former occupants, the Bigelow Hartford Carpet Company. The two Boston agents plan to resell the plant in small lots. The price paid by the Boston purchasers is estimated at approximately two million dollars.

The plant is situated on Market and Dutton streets and has canal waterpower together with full equipment of steam and electric power. Lowell real estate firms believe that the American Woolen Company had been desirous to get the plant but did not agree to the price asked.

The carpet manufacturers had not occupied the factories for a number of years, having transferred their establishment to Thompsonville, Ct.

During the war the plant had been [illegible] since the signing of the armistice it has remained [illegible].

DEDHAM TO OBSERVE FOUNDING OF SCHOOL

Dedham churches will observe with special exercises today the anniversary of the founding of the first free school in America, established in Dedham, the shire town of Norfolk county, 275 years ago. A tablet on the church green at Court and High streets marks the site. The school was built in 1649 after being voted upon by forty-two freemen at a town meeting and marked the inauguration of the free public school system of the United States.

The initial public school became a fact January 12, 1645. At the same town meeting it was also voted to raise money for its maintenance by means of taxation. Dr. Henry Dwerguine, who died in Roxbury in 1645, gave three pounds as the first gift received towards the school's support.

PARK STREET CLUB HOLDS ANNIVERSARY

The Park Street Club observed its thirtieth anniversary last night with a banquet at the Engineers' Club, No. 2 Commonwealth avenue. The club's distinguished history as a distinctly Boston civic organization and the many important things it has accomplished, together with the achievements of the hundreds of distinguished men who have been included in its membership during the past 30 years, were reviewed at length by several of the members in short-post-prandial speeches.

Duncan Macfarlane, president, presided at the festivities and also at the four hundred and sixty-third regular meeting, held in conjunction with the banquet. For the past five years the meetings have been held at the Young Men's Christian Union, on Boylston street.

QUESTIONNAIRES ON NEWSPRINT CASE

Washington, Jan. 17.—On application of Attorney-general Palmer, the Federal Trade Commission has sent newsprint manufacturers, jobbers and publishers questionnaires, response to which will aid it in determining the manner in which the terms of the final decree in the so-called newsprint case are being observed.

The commission in particular will attempt to develop whether the manufacturers have actually produced the daily tonnage of newsprint paper; how much of the tonnage has been sold to jobbers, dealers or consumers, and at what prices; and whether the jobbers, dealers or other middlemen, in re-selling to the small publishers of the country, have observed the maximum conditions in the agreement.

WOMAN POLICE WORK TO BE DISCUSSED

Mrs. Mina C. Van Winkle, director of the women's bureau of the Metropolitan police of Washington, D. C., will speak in Huntington Hall, Tuesday afternoon, discussing the protective work for women and girls which is carried on by her organization. Plans for establishing a similar bureau in Boston will be presented.

Mrs. George T. Rice and Mrs. George W. Coleman, presiding, also will speak. Various civic organizations, including the Boston City Federation and the Boston League of Women Voters, are interested in the project. Mrs. George R. Fearing is chairman of the committee in charge.

ARREST THREE BOYS IN CHELSEA FACTORY

Chelsea police last night captured two boys in the basement of the Walton Shoe Co., No. 1 Heard street, Chelsea, who were there, the police say, for the purpose of stealing hundreds of sole leathers. A third boy was arrested in Watertown on information given to the police by the first two prisoners. The boys gave the names of Joseph Votero, sixteen, Webster street, Cambridge, and Leo J. Landry, sixteen, Essex street, Chelsea.

Walter N. Duncan, eighteen, of Arsenal street, Watertown, the third member of the party, was found in a room in Watertown. They will be arraigned in Chelsea Court tomorrow morning.

RED CROSS SENDS RELIEF TO MEXICO

Washington, Jan. 17.—Appropriation of $10,000 for the immediate relief of earthquake victims in Mexico was announced today by the Red Cross. Pending arrival of a representative of the society, the money, which was cabled today, will be used by the American Consul at Vera Cruz as he may see fit.

The Red Cross also announced that a unit of relief workers was being assembled for dispatch to the scene of disaster.

RILEY ELECTED IN HOPKINTON

Vote Unanimous for Anti-Carr Slate at Foresters' Hall

Hopkinton, Jan. 17. — Elected to town offices by unanimous vote, Judge Daniel J. Riley, John J. McGill and Lewen Drawbridge are wondering tonight how Edward Carr thinks he is going to oust them. At a special town meeting today, the three were installed as moderator, Selectman and school committeeman, respectively. Despite the assertion of Mr. Carr, chairman of the board of town fathers and police chief ex-officio, that the balloting was illegal, Hopkinton voters contend that "Edward" have his hands full, if he starts anything."

CARR CHARGES TRESPASS.

Through the drifting snow a little army of Hopkintonites came to vote. Assembling about the steps, they discovered a typewritten notice on the Town Hall bulletin board, posted by Mr. Carr, and warning all law abiding persons to enter not, nor loiter. The little poster was guarded by four stalwart champions of law and order, badges gleaming on their chests.

Then, through the crowd, Patrick H. Dolan, town clerk, made his way. As the village clock chimed 11 he read the warrant for the meeting. Some one tried the door and found it locked. Then word went the rounds that Mr. Carr had barricaded himself within the building.

In a few minutes Mr. Carr appeared. Calling attention to the trespass notice, he bade the crowd begone.

Judge Riley moved that adjournment be taken to Foresters' Hall, whereupon Mr. Carr declared if this were done the "taint of illegality would not be removed." It was then that Town Clerk Dolan played his trump card.

State authority, he announced, had been invited to determine the method of procedure. No less a person than Secretary of State Albert P. Langtry had declared that adjournment from Town Hall to Foresters' Hall would not invalidate the meeting.

Volunteers flocked the voting paraphernalia under their arms and trotted it down to waiting sleighs. Within ten minutes ballot boxes had been installed in the little hall of the Foresters.

RILEY IS MODERATOR.

Judge Riley was installed as town moderator, and the business of the day began. Among the first to cast their ballots were Hopkinton's housewives. Hoked ovens simmered and brown bread steamed while they proceeded to show "Edward Carr that he couldn't boss the ladies." Saturday baking went by the board in Hopkinton today, that every missus might help swing popular sentiment.

There's great speculating in Hopkinton tonight as to the identity of the mysterious teacher who, according to School Committeeman Timothy Roache, will take Miss Duffy's place in the High School Monday.

"I don't believe it's a local woman," declared Miss Duffy, "for I can't imagine anyone taking the position in view of the evident sentiment of pupils and parents. Whoever the lady is she's positively keen to be here—what a hotbed Hopkinton is, and to know just how she'll fit."

B. U. STUDENTS WILL PRODUCE OWN PLAYS

Professor Baker's "47 Workshop" at Harvard has a rival at Boston University in Professor Joseph E. Taylor's playwriting courses, given at the College of Liberal Arts, also by a coincidence house in room 47.

Although David Belasco has not offered the class a $500 prize for the best play produced, the eight students writing them and some of them will be put on at B. U. in the near future.

Richard Laurence McGuffin, '20, of East Lynn, the only man among seven girls, has shown cleverness in his three-act musical comedy, with original lyrics and music written by Miss Dorothy Mae Tufts Richardson, of Lynn, a Radcliffe senior. The title, the best of each word spells S. A. T. C., that memorable war organization of the colleges last year, is "Did a Trifle Closer." It is full of laughs and colleges jokes and knocks on the S. A. T. C., of which Mr. McGuffin was a member.

Meyer Jonasson & Co.

TREMONT AND BOYLSTON STS.

Further Mark Downs

More and decisive price cuts have been made in order to close out big stocks — Suits, Coats, Dresses, Blouses, Skirts and Furs at unusually low prices.

$39.75 Serge Dresses $29.75 | **$45.00 Serge Dresses $35.00**

$65 Tricotine Dresses $52.50 | **$59.50 CREPE METEOR Dresses $39.75**

Plush Coats $39.75, $42.50, $49.50, $59.50

		WERE	NOW
Suits	OF FINE WOOL MIXTURES	$49.50	$35.00
Suits	OF TINSEL-TONE CLOTH	$75.00	$59.50
Suits	OF PEACH BLOOM	$100.00	$65.00
Coats	OF WOOL VELOUR	$35.00	$29.75
Coats	OF BOLIVIA CLOTH	$75.00	$45.00
Coats	OF POLO CLOTH	$69.50	$55.00
Coats	OF DUVET DE LAINE	$95.00	$65.00
Coats	OF FORTUNA CLOTH	$125.00	$85.00

Suit of Wool Velour, Nutria trimmed $69.50

Magnificent Furs

Note In view of the recent big advance in the cost of skins, it seems strange to reduce prices, but the fact is this—we have too many coats, muffs and neckpieces. A few items are quoted:

Raccoon Coat $185.

RACCOON COATS				
Were	$250	$350	$385	$475
Now	$185	$295	$350	$425
HUDSON SEAL COATS				
Were	$375	$500	$600	$650
Now	$295	$395	$495	$595
BEAVER COATS				
Were	$775	$850	$895	
Now	$675	$695	$750	
NATURAL MUSKRAT COATS				
Were	$250	$325	$350	
Now	$195	$275	$295	

Muffs, Stoles, Coatees at Reduced Prices

MEYER JONASSON & CO.

SAYS TREATY PROTEST IS 'ALL NOISE'

Democrats to Take Up Problem as Americans, Declares Cummings

New York, Jan. 17.—The Democratic party will conduct its Presidential campaign without regard to group interests, Homer S. Cummings, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, declared today.

Mr. Cummings, who was here to attend a meeting of the committee on arrangements for the San Francisco convention, made this statement when asked whether the party intended to undertake any propaganda to overcome the reported defection of certain Irish and other elements opposed to ratification of the peace treaty in its present form.

"We are going to consider the treaty and other issues as Americans as cried Mr. Cummings. "I am unalterably opposed to considering this question in any other way. Personally I believe the radical objections to the peace treaty are more noise than anything else. Those who are shouting the loudest haven't been strong for us, anyway."

TREATY GOOD FOR ALL.

Mr. Cummings called attention to the fact that the national committee endorsed the peace treaty as submitted by the President and was standing by on that issue. Those who believed that the treaty was inimical to the political aspirations of the Irish people were in the wrong, he said. The treaty and the League of Nations, he declared would be a real benefit to all the small nations of the world.

Chairman Cummings announced that so many misstatements had been made concerning the Democratic campaign for funds that he would issue a formal statement within a few days, replying to them.

"I feel that the chairmen of the respective national committees should not enter into a personal controversy," he said, "but the criticisms against us has become almost libelous and I feel compelled to issue a formal reply and make our position clear."

The only business transacted by the committee on arrangements was the appointment of the sub-committees to handle various phases of the convention plans. No other meeting of the full committee is expected until about June 1, when both the national committee and the arrangements committee will assemble in San Francisco.

WOMEN REPRESENTED.

Women were represented on the committee of arrangements today for the first time in the party's history, according to party leaders, in the persons of Mrs. George Bass of Chicago, chairman of the women's bureau of the national committee and Miss Mary E. Foy, of Los Angeles.

The committee agreed to provide hotel rooms free of charge to members of the national committee and associate members while at the convention, but they will be required to pay for their meals and railroad transportation. It is expected that round-trip excursion rates to the convention from New York and Washington will be about $125, including Pullman fares.

Following is the list of sub-committees, the first named being chairman in each case:

Hotels and entertainment: Isidore B. Dockweiler, California; John T. Barnett, Colorado; Dr. John W. Coughlin, Massachusetts; Robert H. Elder, Idaho; Mrs. George Bass, Illinois.

RHODE ISLAND MEMBER.

Transportation: Charles J. Boeschenstein, Illinois; Patrick H. Quinn, Rhode Island; Wilbur W. Marsh, Iowa; Frederick B. Lynch, Minnesota; Isidore B. Dockweiler, California.

Hall and seating: Norman E. Mack, New York; Wilbur W. Marsh, Iowa; Edmund H. Moore, Ohio; Arthur P. Mullen, Nebraska; Miss Mary E. Foy.

Tickets and badges: Homer S. Cummings, Connecticut; Edward G. Hoffmann, Indiana; Dr. John W. Coughlin, Massachusetts; J. Bruce Kremer, Montana; Charles Boeschenstein, Illinois.

Press: Clark Howell, Georgia; Norman E. Mack, New York; Edmund H. Moore, Ohio.

Personnel: Homer S. Cummings, Connecticut; Frederick B. Lynch, Minnesota; J. Bruce Kremer, Montana; Norman E. Mack, New York; John T. Barnett, Colorado.

MOTOR BOAT SHOW COMING IN MARCH

For the first time in seven years a motor boat show is to be staged in Boston. It will be conducted under the auspices of the New England Engine and Boat Association. The show will open in Mechanics Building in March 27 and conclude on April 3. Every kind of a craft propelled by gas engines will be on exhibition. Most of the big builders in this country are members of the association under whose auspices the show is being conducted. They are building special models for the show, which will be managed by Chester I. Campbell, who is also manager of the Boston Automobile Show.

WOOD URGES U. S. AID FOR EUROPE

General in Providence Speech Also Asks Better Merchant Marine

Providence, Jan. 17.—General Leonard Wood, addressing a packed gathering here tonight in Elks' Auditorium, urged that the United States build up her merchant marine, maintain a small but efficient army and navy, rehabilitate devastated Europe, and keep a watch on her foreign trade.

In dealing with economic matters, he made a plea for better pay for school teachers, declaring that "form character" and "train the men and women of tomorrow"; and advocated more of the "human interest" element in dealing with aliens.

General Wood was the official guest of the Providence Chamber of Commerce, and the house guest of Rt. Rev. James DeWolf Perry, Episcopal Bishop of Rhode Island. Bishop Perry and Rt. Rev. William A. Hickey representing the Catholics of the State, greeted the famous soldier. Prominent State and city officials and residents were in the audience. General Wood was accompanied by his son, Lieutenant Osborne Wood.

"Our watchword should be 'Steady' with our feet on the ground," said General Wood. "This country is no place for 'Reds.' Ninety five per cent. of labor is reasonable."

He urged the building up of the American Legion, but added, "Keep it out of politics." He made a strong plea that employment be given soldiers and sailors who want work. Prolonged applause greeted his mention of Theodore Roosevelt in summing up Americanism. The applause visibly affected the speaker.

General Wood Arrives in Boston This Morning

General Leonard Wood will arrive in Boston this morning at 8.30. He will be the guest of Guy Murchie. He will be met at the Back Bay station by Mr. Murchie, after which his day will be crowded with events centering about himself.

He will attend services at St. Paul's Cathedral with Mr. Murchie and his family, after which he will go directly to the Old South Meeting house. There he will address Back Bay post No. 117, American Legion, on "One Hundred Per Cent. Americanism."

This evening the general will board a train for Chicago.

HARBOR'S BILL CUT TO BONE

Absolutely "Porkless" Appropriation Is the Order; May Be $12,500,000

By Universal Service.

Washington, Jan. 17.—The Rivers and Harbors Bill for the fiscal year beginning July 1 must be absolutely "porkless" and carry appropriations smaller by many millions than any waterways development measure in recent years.

This is the demand which has gone from the Republican leaders to the House River and Harbors Committee, and the bill is being framed to conform to that program.

Members of the Republican steering committee today admitted that they had ordered the rivers and harbors estimates "cut to the bone" and that no new projects be provided for. A limit has been placed on the appropriations to be recommended by the committee but no information was obtainable as to what this figure is other than that it is between $10,000,000 and $12,000,000.

LESS THAN IN WARTIME.

The probability is that the amount will be nearer the half-way point of $12,500,000. This is approximately 5 per cent. less than the smallest rivers and harbors appropriation during the years of the war. The amounts carried in the bill for the four previous years were: 1920, $33,378,264; 1919 $23,771,800; 1918, $27,826,195; 1917, $46,596,135.

For several years past, it is said by the Republican leaders, the average aggregate sum expended in rivers and harbors work had been $15,000,000 a year. There is now unused and unobligated, they add, upward of $40,000,000 of previous appropriations made for this work Therefore, with the available balance and the new appropriation, the army engineers, who have charge of all water-way development undertakings for the Federal government, will have all the money they can use, "and more," according to the Republicans.

CANNOT GET BIDS.

The surplus has accumulated, it is explained, as a result of the engineers' inability to place contracts within the limits fixed by Congress Under the law no bid more than 40 per cent. in excess of an estimate may be accepted. The increasing cost of labor and materials, contractors have stated, prevented them from submitting bids within the limits.

BUTLER'S BUTLER'S BUTLER'S BUTLER'S BUTLER'S BUTLER'S

56th BIRTHDAY SALE

The Greatest Sale in Our History

Sale Begins Monday

Butler's

ESTABLISHED 1864

Legal Stamps Given

WE WILL CELEBRATE this occasion in a typical BUTLER manner—emphasizing the long-established reputation of this house for extraordinary value-giving **by offering the newest and most-wanted merchandise at prices unmatchable elsewhere.** This year will not see another such Bargain Feast as is here spread before you.

Here's a BRIEF BULLETIN of a few of the THOUSAND of BARGAINS

$1.00 Heavy Woven Felt Rugs—18 by 30 inches, as is..... 56c

$6.50 Heavy Axminster Rugs—20 by 54 inches, as is..... 4.95

$47.50 Heavy Seamless Axminster Rugs—7½ by 9 ft., as is.. 37.56

$40.00 Heavy Seamless Brussels Tapestry Rugs—9 by 12 ft., as is 29.56

$4.00 Gold Seal Congoleum Rugs— Size 6 by 9 ft., as is..... 2.56

$12.50 Gold Seal Congoleum Rugs —Size 6 by 9 ft., as is..... 6.56

$1.00 Gold Seal Congoleum Rug Border— 1 yard wide, per yard... 56c

$1.75 Ladies' Fleeced Lined Union Suits—High or low neck..... 1.19

98c Ladies' Fleeced Lined Vests and Pants—Per garment..... 56c

79c Children's Vests and Pants— Good quality; sizes 1 to 6..... 56c

$1.50 Men's Heavy Weight Fleece Ribbed Shirts—Broken sizes..... 95c

$3.00 Men's Wool Shirts and Drawers—Forest Mills brand..... 2.29

$2.50 Women's House Shoes— Rubber heels, strap or lace..... 1.56

$7.50 Women's Gray Kid or Suede Boots—Sizes 3½ to 7..... 2.56 (No Mail Orders)

$1.00 Women's Button Black Gaiters—Sizes 3 to 7..... 56c

12½c Ladies' Fine Lawn Handkerchiefs —Corner embroidered..... 5c

89c Table Damask—Bleach, good wearing quality..... 69c

25c Huck Towels—Plain or colored borders, good sizes..... 4 for 56c

25c Crash—Colored borders, linen finish..... Yard 17c

$1.50 Graduated Pearl Necklaces— 10 kt. gold clasp..... 76c

$15.00 Ladies' Octagon Bracelet Watch—10 yr. gold filled..... 9.96

$12 and $15 Girls' Coats—12 different models, sizes 7 to 14..... 5.56

$1.19 Satin Collars—Extra quality satin, neat designs..... 56c

$3.50 and $4 Men's Flannel Pajamas —Neat stripe patterns..... 2.79

$2.98 Fine Sateen Petticoats—In black and colors..... 1.56

$25.00 Dresses in Satin, Serge or Jersey..... 14.56

$18.50 Serge Dresses, embroidery, braid and tinsel trimmings..... 11.56

House Dresses, new percale and fine ginghams, sizes to 52..... 1.56

$25.00 Sport Coats, of velour, in taupe, black and brown..... 10.56

$35 and $40 Coats—Velours, Silvertones, etc., large fur collars 21.56

$125 French Sealine Coat—36 inches, large shawl collar..... 85.00

$6.98 Serge Skirts—Navy and black, button trimmed..... 4.56

50c Women's 2-Clasp Jersey Cloth Gloves, black, gray, brown..... 24c

$2.50 Women's Kid Gloves, Cape and Suede, colors tan and gray 1.56

75c Cable Marquisette, 40 inches wide, white, cream and ecru, yd.. 44c

$7.50 Voile and Marquisette Curtains, cluny and novelty lace trimmed, pair 5.56

45c Sash Curtains, washable muslin, neat designs, per pair..... 29c

$3.00 Nottingham Lace Curtains, in white, cream and ecru, pair... 1.56

$10.00 Rope Portieres, heavy chenille, green, rose, olive, brown.. 6.56

19c Tooth Brushes, guaranteed. Birthday Sale price..... 10c

15c Dexter's Coronet Crochet Cotton. Birthday Sale price..... 10c

4c Favorite Spool Cotton, 3 for Birthday Sale Price..... 10c

10c Palmolive Soap, 3 cakes for Birthday Sale price..... 25c

$4.00 to $7.50 Feather Hats and Turbans, many styles..... 2.00

$11 to $15 Children's Cloth Coats, sizes 3 to 6 yrs. Your choice 4.56

$1.50 and $2.00 Ladies' Sample Silk Gaiters, black and colors..... 69c

49c Children's School Hose, medium weight, elastic rib..... 25c

59c Men's Heavy Wool Hose, in natural and oxford..... 29c

$35 Nationally Advertised Ostermoor Mattresses, 3 part.... 27.95

$22 Butler's Special Hair and Felt Mattresses, choice of ticks 16.56

$35 100% Pure Sun Baked Java Silk Floss Mattresses..... 19.95

$5.00 Dorothy Corsets, for slender or medium figure..... 3.56

$6.00 Wool Finish Blankets, for double beds, white or gray..... 4.56

$3.75 Comforters, Silkoline covering, fancy stitched..... 2.56

$18.00 Boys' Two-Pant Suits, a genuine bargain 9.56

$16.50 Boys' One-Pant Suits, a splendid value 9.56

$2.00 and $2.50 Silk Shirtings, colors guaranteed fast, per yard..... 85c

39c Amoskeag Gingham, in pretty plaids, in remnants..... 18c

$1.50 Madras Waists—Convertible collars, sizes 14 to 17..... 96c

$5.00 Silk Taffeta Waists—Plaids or checks, convertible collars..... 2.56

59c to 75c Fancy Ribbon—5 and 6 inches wide, per yard..... 34c

39c Dotted Ginghams, in remnants, Birthday Sale Price..... 22c

$1.25 Bloomers, Corset Covers, Drawers and Envelope Chemises.. 56c

35c Bleached Cotton—1 yard wide. Birthday Sale Price..... 24c

45c Fancy Outing Flannel—1 yard wide, extra good weight..... 29c

75c P'Kew T'bing—Heavy weight, 42 and 45 inches wide..... 56c

Ladies' Extra Size Plush Coats —With large fur collars..... 56.00

Ladies' Handsome Fur Scarfs— Animal head and both tail..... 6.56

30-In. Oatmeal Wall Paper—Birthday Sale Price, per roll..... 15c

$4 Dining Room Pictures—"Fruit and Game," 31-in. walnut frames.. 2.56

BUTLER'S BUTLER'S 90 TREMONT STREET BUTLER'S BUTLER'S

BEATTIE & McGUIRE

Famous for Silks and Dress Goods

At 29 TEMPLE PLACE 3rd Floor

Use Elevator Entrance Between Emerson's and Wethern's *Use Elevator*

OUR THIRTIETH

SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE

—OF—

Silks, Velvets, Dress Goods

—AND—

Household Linens

IS NOW IN PROGRESS

Phone Beach 6643 or 6644

Business Hours 9 A. M. to 5:30 P.M

CURBING HIGHER PRICES is a fixed policy with us here, and has been for the past sixteen years, when we started in business. How well our efforts in this direction have been appreciated is best evidenced by the enormous growth of our business during that period—in fact, many of our keenest competitors call it phenomenal.

To preserve and stimulate a still greater volume of patronage, and in conformity with our now established custom of holding two Sales each year, we announce for this week Our Great Semi-Annual Clearance Sale of New Dependable Merchandise, when the greater part of Our Extensive Stocks are marked down 25% to 30% less than is possible to duplicate at wholesale, under present market conditions.

Silks

Third Floor

$1.25 Pongee Silk—33-inch, natural color, real Chinese, washable, practical and durable. Marked now... 95c

$1.95 Imported Natural Pongee—33-inch, pure silk quality, good medium weight for dresses, etc., guaranteed washable. 4000 yards for sale at..... $1.45

$2.50 Peau de Cygnes and Taffetas—Yard wide, colors and black. Unusual values. Priced now.. $1.95

$2.75 Crepe de Chine—40-inch, splendid black bright finish. Special Sale Price..... $1.98

$2.85 Washable Satin—Yard wide, ivory, also flesh; pure silk, medium weight, good quality. Special Sale Price $2.15

$3.25 Satin de Chine—35-inch, jet black, firm, durable weave, excellent value. Sale Price..... $2.40

$4.25 Charmeuse Dress Satin—40-inch, rich satin finish, good black. Specially priced..... $3.40

$4.50 Satin Charmeuse—Double width, standard make, excellent quality; extensive line of colors. An early selection is advisable at this Special Price... $3.65

$6.00 Satin Luxura—40-inch, black, also ivory, heavy pure silk; one of our richest qualities. Priced for this sale..... $4.68

$6.75-$7.00 Plain and Fancy Tricolettes—Very lustrous; wide range of colors for selection in plain, dropstitch and "Paulette" weaves; 36-inch. Remarkable offering. Sale Price..... $5.75

$2.00 White Habutai—36-inch, Japanese hand-woven, good weight, fine quality. Marked now... $1.40

$2.00 Black Waterproof India—Yard wide, fast black, guaranteed. Reduced to..... $1.45

$2.35 Silk Dress Net—Two yards wide, black, white and flesh, fine and medium mesh, bright finish. Special Sale Price..... $1.78

$2.75 Georgette Crepes—40-inch, pure silk hand woven crepe twist weave; wear dependable, big range of colors; unusual values. Sale Price..... $2.15

$3.50-$3.75 Fancy Georgettes—39-40-inch, best qualities, in light and dark effects, with both white and varied-colored figures. Note the saving in price. $2.78

$4.00 Silk Shirtings and Waistings—33-36 inches wide; endless variety of plain and satin stripes. Priced now $3.15

$2.75 Foulard Silks—Yard wide, colored grounds with white and colored figures; also polka dots, neat twilled weave, pure silk. Sale Price..... $1.95

$3.25 Foulard Silks—40 inches wide, pure silk qualities, big line of choice designs; also small neat effects on light and dark grounds, white and colored figures. Sale Price $2.45

$3.00-$3.25 Novelty Dress Silks—36-inch, taffeta and satin grounds, stripes, checks and plaids, many rich, handsome styles. Now marked..... $2.40

$10.50-$12.00 Silk Duvetyns—38-40-inch, heavy rich suede fabric, choice line of street shades and black. We are including these new goods in our sale. Marked now $8.75

Velvets

$7.50 Black Chiffon Velvet—39-inch, deep rich, pure silk pile; regular dress quality. Sale price..... $5.85

$8.25 Colored Chiffon Velvet—40-42 inch, standard qualities of reliable makes, extensive range of evening and street shades; also black. Marked in this sale.. $6.95

$2.50 Silk Velvet—19-20-inch; black only, good quality for millinery purposes, etc. Reduced to..... $1.80

$4.25 Colored Velveteens—Yard wide, high grade, rich, fast pile; standard makes, many choice colors. Sale Price $3.20

$10.50 Black Silk Plush—40-inch, rich, long pile; desirable quality for coats, scarfs, etc. Reduced to..... $7.50

$8.75 "Kakara" Lamb Plush—50-inch, black, a well known make. Exceptional value. Priced now in this sale $5.20

Wool Dress Goods

$3.75 French Serge—54-inch, all wool, navy only, excellent quality for dresses. Note the width and price $2.98

$4.00 All Wool Jersey—54-inch, dependable quality of standard make; splendid line of colors. Marked in this sale..... $3.20

$6.50 Two-Toned Tricotine and Radio Twills—54-inch, extra fine qualities; navy, dark brown and mahogany. Clearance Sale Price..... $4.60

$4.00-$6.00 Suitings and English Coatings—(Odd pieces), 52-54 inch, desirable weaves, silvertones, velours, bouclés, etc., fancy and plain. Marked now $2.98

$5.50-$6.00 Suitings—(Odd pieces), 54-inch, all wool velours, English mixtures. Choice colors, marked Special Price $3.80

$6.50-$7.50 Coatings—(Odd pieces), 52-54-inch, serviceable weights in mixtures and heavy weaves, some silvertone effects; also silver-tipped Bolivias; all excellent qualities. Priced for clearance..... $5.40

Household Linens

Special From Our New Linen Shop (Fifth Floor)

33c Unbleached Crash—All linen, suitable for hand or dish toweling. Sale price..... 25c

50c Huckabuck Towels—Union linen, size 18x34, hemmed guaranteed half linen. Now, each..... 39c

$1.00 Heavy Turkish Towels—Large size, absorbent, subject to slight imperfections. Priced now, each 79c

55c Glass Toweling—Pure linen, red, check; extra good value. Sale price, yard..... 45c

$2.75 Union Linen Damask—70 inches wide, heavy weight, two designs. Actual value $3.00. Marked now, yard $1.98

$6.50 Bed Spreads—80x90 size, cut corners with hem to match; only 50 sets for this sale, at, per set $5.35

$12.50 Wool Blankets—Full size, White with colored borders; also pink and white and blue and white stripes. Sale price..... $9.75

65c Pillow Cases—Size 42x38½, standard make of cotton; usually sells for 65c. Marked now..... 53c

SPECIAL FIFTH FLOOR — Ladies' Handkerchiefs—Imported, plain, embroidered and many with initials, all white, about 75 doz. left over from our holiday trade. Former values 29c. Marked to close..... 19c

SPECIAL FIFTH FLOOR — Ladies' Hosier—Silk and fibre silk colors fawn, cordovan and black. A manufacturer's sample line well worth $1.50 marked now for this sale $1.10

Spool Silk — Best quality Sewing Silk, 100-yard spools, pure dye, all the wanted colors, also black and white. Actual retail value 20c. Sale price 14c

Owing to the very low prices that now prevail, all purchases must be considered final.

Spool Silk — Large spools of Machine Silk, full weight, pure dye; all sizes black and white. Actual retail value $1.25. Sale price 95c

Charge Office Now located Fifth Floor. Use Elevator.

MAIL ORDERS will be filled in the order in which they are received, with the utmost care and dispatch. Remit in money order or check, adding parcel post charges; otherwise we shall send express collect. Deposit should accompany all C. O. D. orders. In case of goods being sold out and not having the opportunity of substituting, all remittances will be promptly returned.

New Spring Silks Now Arriving Daily THIRD FLOOR

BEATTIE & McGUIRE

40 ROUNDED UP IN RAID AT GUN POINT

Police Swoop Down on Bowling Alley in Howard Street

LARGE PLACE IS GAMBLING NUISANCE

Break Down Barred Doors to Gain an Entrance

Forty men were arrested late yesterday afternoon when a detail of twenty-six police raided the bowling alleys at No. 38 Howard street as a gambling nuisance, got after breaking down doors that were barred against them forced those present into patrol wagons with drawn revolvers.

The place is known in police parlance as "the cancer of Howard street," and the descent of the officers followed a months' investigation. Five hundred persons watched the raid.

Various gaming devices were found, according to the police report, and the evidence showed that the bowling alleys were merely a side issue in the conduct of the place.

Some of the habitues showed a disposition toward fight or flight when the raid was discovered, but changed their minds when guns of patrolmen, recently back from overseas, burst in with their recorders ready.

Thomas F. Martin of Ashland street, Roxbridge, proprietor of the place, was arrested on the charge of conducting a common nuisance. Four men were arrested charged with gambling. They said they were Ellis Weinstein of Lynde street, Frank Mascoe, twenty-six, of Wright street, Anthony Peretta, twenty-five, of Chartier street, and Manuel Abrahams.

The thirty-five other prisoners were charged with being present where gambling implements were found. All got bail as soon as they reached the police station.

It is possible that more serious complaints may be lodged against several of the men, the police declare. The police say there were a number of "dime dodgers" present there, as well as divers members of other underworld crasses of Boston, Providence and New York. After the raid quantities of a powdery white stuff were found ground into the floor.

The raid was led by Sergeants Magee and Flynn, Special Officer John Manning and Patrolman Herbst. The men with them were recent acquisitions to the force, and chosen for their ability to give a good account of themselves in a fight.

Besides the patrol wagons from Stations 1, 2 and 4, the police had the small runabout known in the department as "Little Eva." The show of force had its effect, and as the procession swept out of Howard street there was absolute silence on the sidewalks and in surrounding houses.

FAIL TO IDENTIFY VICTIM OF MURDER

Although more than 100 Italian residents have viewed the body of the young Italian found with seventeen stab wounds, in an arched alley off Unity street, North End, early in the week, his identity still is a mystery.

Shreds of burlap found in the wounds on his head lead the police to believe that the victim was slain outside of the city and perhaps brought here in an automobile and dumped in the alley.

The body is still at the North Grove street morgue.

TODAY

Continued From First Page.

patience, has proved the surest support of despotism."

When he was lying on his "mattress prison," slowly dying in Paris, religion came to him but in typical Heine fashion. He thus describes it:

"A religious reaction has set in upon me for some time. God knows whether the morphine or the poultices have anything to do with it. I believe again in a personal God; to this we come when we are sick, sick to death and broken down. If the German people accept the King of Prussia in their need, why should not I accept a personal God? When health is used up, money used up also, and sound human senses used up, Christianity begins. * * * For the sick man is a very good religion.

He never changed; alas, he lived and died a heathen. Four hours before his death an anxious friend asked: "Have you made your peace with God?" The poet, who for years had been dying by inches, replied wearily, with his last smile, "To no; trouble yourself, *Dieu me pardonnera; c'est son metier.*" (God will forgive me, that is his trade.)

Those were Heine's last words.

He had his hours of sadness when even he found it hard to laugh at life, with its long poverty and cruel suffering. "In many moments a doubt quivers through me, whether man really is a two-legged god, as Hegel assured me five and twenty years ago. I am no more a divine biped; I am no more the high priest of the Germans, after Goethe; no more the great heathen; not a Hellene of jovial life and portly person, laughing cheerfully down on the dismal Nazarene; only a poor death sick Jew."

Hegel, the German philosopher, greatly influenced Heine and other thinkers and writers in the last century. Once Heine and Hegel were looking at the stars through an open window. Heine thus describes it: "I, being a young man of twenty-two, and having just eaten well and drunk my coffee, spoke with enthusiasm of the stars, called them the abodes of the blest.

"But the master muttered to himself, 'The stars! Ha, Ha! The stars are only a brilliant eruption on the firmament.'

"'What!' cried I. 'Then there is no blissful spot above, where virtue is rewarded after death?'

But he, glaring at me with his pale eyes, remarked sneeringly, 'So you want a bonus because you have supported your sick mother and refrained from poisoning your brother.'"

Get a good history of Heine. You will see him at the end of life, tuberculosis devouring his spinal cord, paralysis creeping slowly over him, one eye gone, but the indomitable will alive, lifting with thumb and forefinger the paralyzed eyelid from the good eye to watch the effect of a witty remark.

You will see Heine at sixteen, embracing his adored red-haired Sefchen, a strange wild creature, daughter of the public executioner. A superstitious nurse had taken him to the girl's mother, "Die Goechin," supposed to be a witch, and the executioner's wife. Later he went regularly to see the beautiful red-haired girl of whom all the neighbors lived in dread. She showed him her grandfather's sword that had been used in a hundred executions, then put away in a grave because the sword which has drunk blood five score times acquires a horrible personality, and can only be appeased by the oblivion of the grave."

Sefchen, whose male relations had all been public executioners, taught him strange folk songs, one time made him *créep*, fortelling his own burial:

"Flow, flow, water flow.
Wash the linen white as snow.
Be ready *soon*, she sang, aloud,
I wash for thee thy dying shrowd.
Blade, blade, broad and bright,
Hew the oaken plank aright.
Spade, spade, sharp and strong,
Dig the grave, deep and long."

It was creepy, but the young poet liked it; it stirred his imagination. He wrote poetry for the young woman and she, only sixteen, opened a vein in her arm and wrote the next couplets of the poems in her own blood.

She must have been an interesting young person, "with her skin changing white; her eyes, her deep, dark eyes looking as if they had just pronounced a riddle and were awaiting calmly the right answer; while the mouth, with its strongly curved bow and oblong teeth, white as ivory, seemed to say: 'You are stupid and never will be able to guess it.'"

Thus Heine describes her, with: "Her hair perfumed and oiled, tied in long locks under her chin, as though blood were welling forth from her throat in red streams."

No wonder Heine wrote poetry after associating with her. Too bad we don't know more about her. Let's hope that in spite of prejudice against her mother, the sorceress, and her father, the public executioner, she married an able, steady man. Such a combination should have had remarkable children.

The books that most affected and developed Heine's boyish imagination were "Don Quixote," Sterne's "Sentimental Journey" and "Gulliver's Travels." These three books, the great fairy stories of literature, helped develop one of the most beautiful imaginations that ever lived upon the earth, and one of the greatest warriors in the army of freedom.

That fact ought to interest the so-called "educators" who tell fathers and mothers not to let their children read fairy tales.

You may be sure, however, that red-haired Sefchen did more for Heine's imagination than Cervantes, Sterne or Swift.

As you read the history of this man keep in mind, as you always should, the mother who created him. She sold her jewelry, all she had to keep her son at the university. She had spent her youth reading books in Latin to her father, and, according to her son, "had a horror of imagination-despised romantic legends and superstitious folk lore." But she gave her boy a chance to develop.

Read Heine's "Reisebilder."
Read "Almansi" and read "The Weavers."

Read here his "Fragen Questions"—

By the sea, the dreary nocturnal sea,
Standeth a stripling,
His breast full of sorrow, his head full of doubt;
And with gloomy lips he asks of the waters:

"Oh, solve me the riddle of life,
That harrowing world old riddle
Wherein many heads have pondered and brooded;
Heads in caps, hieroglyph-scribbled,
Heads in turbans and heads in black beavers;
Heads periwigged and a thousand others.

Poor aching human heads—
Tell me what signifies man—
Whence has he come? And whither goes he?

Who dwells up in the golden stars?"
The waves they murmur their endless babble;
The wind it blows, and the clouds they wander;
The stars they glitter coldly indifferent;
And a fool waits for an answer.

In these days, when ouija board tells that papa is happy and wants to talk to mamma, and Mr. Masterlinck is lecturing on a queer, flimsy, immortal soul of his own invention, read for a pleasant change Heine's idea of the birth of a great thought:

"Immortality, beautiful thought, who first imagined thee? Was it some Nuremberg shopkeeper, who, with white nightcap on head and white porcelain pipe in jaw, sat some warm Summer's evening before his shop door, and comfortably mused how pleasant it would be if this would only last forever—pipe and breath never going out, to vegetate on for all eternity?"

Heine's idea of freedom, English, French and German brands, is as follows: From "English Fragments": "An Englishman loves freedom as he loves his lawfully wedded wife; in regards her as a possession, and, if he does not treat her with special tenderness, yet, if need be, he knows how to defend her.

"A Frenchman loves freedom as he does his chosen bride; he will commit a thousand follies for her sake.

"A German loves freedom as he does his old grandmother.

"And yet, after all, no one can ever tell how things may turn out. The grumpy Englishman in an ill temper with his wife is capable of some day putting a rope round her neck.

"The inconstant Frenchman may become unfaithful to his adored mistress and be seen fluttering about the Palais Royal after another.

"But the German will never quite abandon his old grandmother; he will always keep for her a nook by the chimney corner, where she can tell her fairy tales to the listening children."

Now, in heaven, Heine knows better. The German did abandon his old grandmother to follow the Kaiser. He is paying a high price for the mistake.

Heine knew his own value and importance. When he went to London, his uncle Solomon gave him a letter of credit on Rothschild for four hundred pounds, a gigantic sum for a beggarly nephew poet. Uncle Solomon explained carefully to Heinrich that he must not draw the money. It was only given to him with a letter of introduction, that he might have a certain financial standing.

Nephew Heinrich spent every penny of it promptly. His explanation to Solomon was:

"My dear uncle, did you really expect me to have to pay for the honor of bearing my name?"

The worthy son of Solomon, when the letter was read, showed his gratitude to the poet who had made immortal the vulgar name of a vulgar banker, by cutting off Heine's pitiful allowance, leaving him to die in poverty.

This makes you regret that the Jewish religion does not provide for uncle Solomon's son some eternal hell of fire and brimstone in which he might now be sitting regretting his bad taste and ingratitude. The Christian religion is more thorough in that respect.

Heine, like all other great writers, made his meaning clear by well chosen comparisons. In writing of Fichte's philosophy with his "Ego" and all the rest of it, Heine wrote, in one of his philosophical essays:

"Fichte requires the mind to observe itself whilst in activity. Thought shall listen to itself, while it is thinking, even while it is getting warmer and warmer and at last becomes a thought. This reminds us of the ape who sits by the fireplace and cooks his own tail, asserting that the true science of cookery consists not only in objective cookery, but also in being subjectively conscious of being cooked."

Apart from some of his wonderful songs, the best of Heine is in his Reisebilder, "travel pictures," in which his imaginative genius was its zenith. In that work and in Sterne's "Sentimental Journey" which inspired Heine as a boy, you will find the best German and best English prose that anybody has written.

Jewish young gentlemen must be sure to read "The Rabbi von Bacharach." It will stimulate in them fashion their racial pride, not always necessary, but always a good thing.

Of death, Heine said in twenty words more than many have said in a volume:

"Dying, indeed, is something to shudder at, but not death; if, indeed, death exist. Death is perhaps the last superstition."

The unhappy poet's last period was quite bearable, as often happens to sick, worn-out men, by the kindness and devotion of womankind.

His good Matilde, whom he married later than he should have done, was a faithful nurse, cook, waitress and errand boy to the last. She adored him, and would do anything for him willingly except listen to his poetry. She could not stand that, saw no sense in it. She never really knew that he was a poet.

Heine depended upon her absolutely. One of his worst moments came when she failed to return and he feared she might have gone off with some handsomer, not paralyzed rival. He solved the problem typically.

"In my painful doubt I sent to her chamber to see whether Cocotte, the parrot, was still there. That set me at ease again, and I began to breathe more freely. Without Cocotte the dear woman would never have fled from me."

The other angel at the end of the poet's life was a young woman, Camille Selden, whom Heine called "The Fly." For her "Last Days of Heine" the world owes her gratitude. At the hour when Heine died, or shortly afterward, Madame Selden wrote:

"I woke in a singular manner. Towards 6 o'clock I heard a noise in my room, a kind of fluttering like that produced by moths. I opened my eyes but closed them again, for a black form was writing like a gigantic insect in the dawn and sought some way of escape."

Had Heine been alive he would have described and mocked that hallucination as no one else could. His friend, Camille Selden, read to him. Unlike the good Mathilde she had no objection to poetry, and Mathilde had sense enough not to be jealous of Camille.

This Camille Selden lived late into the last century.

Little is known of her except that her husband locked her up in an asylum to get rid of her when she was nineteen. She read an advertisement that Heine needed some one to read to him. She did the work voluntarily, because of her admiration for the poet, and the world owes her gratitude for that. She probably felt safe with the poor, paralyzed dreamer, who at least would not put her in an asylum. She was only twenty when Heine knew her.

At any public library, any well equipped bookstore, you will find all that Heine has written. Read "The White Elephant"; what wit many have borrowed from it.

Read "The Field of Hastings," romance—emotional young women will like it.

Read "Ferdusi," a story of the poet to whom reward came.

Read "The Apollo God," describing the poet of the imagination and the poet of reality.

Two women helped Heine to endure the painful transition from his "Mattress Grave" to the plot in the Montmartre cemetery in Paris where you may read on a stone two words:

"Henri Heine."

His name was Heinrich, they baptized him Harry and the French bombstone mechanic made it Henri.

But Heinrich, Harry or Henri, with Heine added, means great gems in thought, imagination and mental courage.

WILL PROBE NAVAL PRISON

Roosevelt Says Immediate Action Will Be Ordered at Portsmouth

Washington, Jan. 17.—Immediate investigation of charges of immorality among inmates at the Portsmouth naval prison, transmitted to the Navy Department by agents of the Department of Justice last October, will be made by the naval authorities, Assistant Secretary Roosevelt announced today, upon his return from an inspection of the prison.

"Whether there is any foundation for the charges of immorality I can at this time venture no opinion," said Mr. Roosevelt.

Mr. Roosevelt said he could not explain why the charges of immorality, lodged with the Navy Department in October, never had been acted upon by the department or brought to the attention of Commander Osborne before his recent visit to the prison.

Tanners Strike

Portland, Me., Jan. 17.—Seventy-five of the 100 employes of the Casco Tanning Company went out on strike today. They demand a shop committee to have a voice in the management of the tannery and a 22 per cent. increase in wages. The place was picketed today.

Talking Machine Owner

PAY $1.00 AND HAVE

$15.00 Worth of New RECORDS

Delivered to Your Home

Balance in Small Weekly Payments

"Here's Our Method"

For a great many years our customers have requested us to sell records on Our Lease Terms.

AT LAST we are able to offer the following plan for a limited time—Choose any twelve records from our new Record Catalogue, total not to exceed $15.00—pay $1.00 cash, then $1.00 per week on balance.

Records Will Be Sent You at Once

This plan is made possible through the enormous increase in our business and increased production in the new $3,000,000 Record Factory. Mail orders accepted. Send $1.00 and two references.

There is every advantage in buying your records from

The Grafonola Co. of New England

Open Saturday Evenings. Tel. Beach 1893

174 TREMONT STREET

(Headquarters for Columbia Grafonolas and Records)

Established Eighteen Forty One

C. F. Hovey Co.

Merchandise UP TO Standard

Girls' Coats
Of English Mixture
$13.50
(Sketched)

Just the coat to resist wear. Snug and trim, of good tailoring. The coat sketched is for girls from 6 to 14, has wide convertible collar, generous side pocket, a good full back and wide belt.

Girls' Dresses of Japanese Crepe
At $5.00

Charming for all daytime wear. The model sketched is of heavy Japanese crepe with plain pointed waist and full skirt. Embroidery motifs ornament the waist and finish the neck and pockets. Shown in pink, blue and green. Ages 6 to 12 years.

Third Floor

New Bungalow Aprons $1.50
In Practical Styles

Of Good Sturdy Make-up, in Attractive Patterns

Made from our own materials; many neat patterns to select from; elastic at waist line; trimmed with rick-rack braid.

Small Percale Aprons in several styles and patterns, with or without bib. 75c

Billie Burke Aprons, in a number of neat patterns, trimmed with contrasting color. Made with set-in or kimono sleeves. All sizes. $1.95

A complete assortment of Maids' Aprons, in best quality lawn, plain or trimmed with Hamburg. 85c to $4.50

(Collar and cuff sets to match each pattern)

Second Floor

A Manufacturer's Surplus of

Children's Coats

50 Coats, from a well-known New York manufacturer, purchased at a concession.

Also 30 Coats from our own dependable stock, marked down.

Broadcloth, Silvertone and Velveteen Coats
$10

Some are fur trimmed, all are well made and have warm interlining. Sizes 2 to 6 years. Only one of a kind.

Chinchilla Coats
$8.50

Belted and norfolk style, heavy and warm; grey and brown. Sizes 2 to 6 years.

Third Floor

Bed Puffs and Spreads

Wool filled puffs, size 72x78, covered with plain colored silk mull.
each $10.00

Wool filled puffs with silk muslin centre and back, border of silk mull; a type usually sold at $14.00.
now $11.50 and $12.50

Cotton filled, heavy weight "Maish" comfortables, silkoline centre, plain border. each $6.50

50 Crochet spreads, single bed size. $3.50

50 Satin damask weave spreads, size 80x90. $5.00

25 Satin damask weave spreads, scalloped edge, corners cut for 4 ft. 6 in. bed. $5.50

Damask bed spreads, new patterns, scalloped edge, corners cut for 4 ft. 6 in. bed. $9.50

Main Floor

Wonderful Silks

A Value-Giving Offer

Satin, Crepe de Chine and Sport Silks. In black and all colors, in best values at lowest prices.

Silk and satin will be the dominant note in Spring apparel; all new goods will be one-third higher in price.

35-in. Satins in street and evening shades. a yard $2.50

40-in Crepe de Chine, light and dark shades, including white, navy and black. $2.50, $3.00, $3.75 and $4.50

40-in. Satins, in ivory, blue maize, myrtle and taupe. Special, a yard $2.50

35-in. Sport Silks and Stripes, plaids, taffeta and satin grounds. a yard $2.50 to $3.75

32-in. New Washable Stripes. a yard $3.50

35-in. Black Satin for dresses. special, a yard $2.50

VELVETEEN, A SPECIAL OFFERING

44-in. English Velveteen, of excellent quality, in street shades. reduced to $4.15

Fine Quality
Dress Goods

A Wise Purchase for Spring Needs

Mill and labor conditions, difficulties in dyeing and scarcity of material make higher prices a certainty. From goods bought many months ago we are able to give our customers this golden opportunity.

40-inch All Wool Fine Dress Serge, burgundy, brown, taupe, plum, navy, black, yd. $2.25

47-inch All Wool Black Tricotine. yd. $2.50

54-inch All Wool Suiting Serge, green, burgundy, plum, black. yd. $2.25

54-inch All Wool Panama for suits or dresses, navy blue only. yd. $2.50

54-inch All Wool Velour, taupe, brown, red, burgundy, plum, green. yd. $3.00

ASKS PROBE OF BOSTON FINANCES

Mark Temple Dowling Would Overhaul Every City Department

A bill providing for a thorough legislative investigation of Boston's finances in every municipal department was one of 318 which had been filed in the Massachusetts Senate before the closing time last night.

The bill is fathered by Mark Temple Dowling, one of the biggest real estate operators in the city, and a close student of municipal financing.

Last night Mr. Dowling declined to comment on his bill, other than to say that it represented what he thought the city needed. He said he might discuss the proposed legislation early this week.

The total of 318 bills filed in the Senate represented an increase of thirty-two over last years figures. In the House, the crop of bills stands at 1,058, an increase of twenty-nine over a year ago.

AUTOMOBILE SUBWAY.

Construction of an automobile subway from Scollay square to Commonwealth avenue, restoration of the striking police to duty and a fight by Massachusetts to modify constitutional prohibition are among the more important suggestions contained in the petitions filed.

A State Board of Barbering is suggested, and there are at least a dozen bills for raises in wages and salaries of State, city and town employes.

The Senate bills offered are as follows:

By Mayor Peters of Boston, to create a Boston tax limit board to establish a higher tax limit when that is necessary.

By John J. Galvin of Boston, to instruct the Attorney-General of Massachusetts to appear before the Supreme Court of the United States to abrogate the constitutional prohibition amendment.

By John J. Galvin, to allow the manufacture and sale of beverages of not more than four per cent. alcoholic strength.

By Ralph Adams Cram of Boston, that Boston be allowed to borrow $3,000,000 to widen the streets and improve the North End.

By Clifford Potter of Springfield, to prohibit the raising of rents on dwellings before May 1 or after October 1 of any year.

By the Boston City Federation, that women be appointed as special police officers in Boston.

TO RETIRE LABORERS.

By Senator Thomas P. Donovan, to retire city laborers of Boston on half pay.

By the same petitioner, to authorize all cities, towns and counties and the Commonwealth to pay employes many the difference between the pay who served in the war with Germ received in service and that they would have received if they had remained at home.

By D. G. O'Keefe of Taunton, to extend the operation of the State bonus act to those who have been employed outside the State.

BILLS IN THE HOUSE.

The House bills offered include:

By Mayor Peters, to retain $18 each year of the salaries of school teachers coming under the provisions of the retirement act.

By Representative Manning of Brockton, that cities and towns may take street railways by eminent domain or purchase, and operate them.

By Clive F. Dorman of Boston, for appointment of the Boston police commissioner by the Mayor.

By the same petitioner, that the striking police be restored to their jobs and a legislative investigation begun of the causes of the police strike.

By Raymond Delano, for the building of a Victory bridge between Boston and Quincy.

By Michael F. Murray of Newtonville, to pay the State bonus to yeomen (F).

By Wendell Phillips Thore of Squantum, that the State control the production, price and sale of milk.

By Mayor Roscoe E. Walsworth of Revere, that the Eastern Massachusetts Street Railway Company be authorized to take over the rights of the Boston Elevated in East Boston and acquire the use of the East Boston tunnel.

By Grenville S. MacFarland for election of representatives by proportional representation.

FIREMEN FIGHT TO SAVE UNION

Plan to Give Up A. F. of L. Charter Fails to Meet Favor of Entire Body

Undeterred by the reported action of the directors of their organization in voting to turn back their union charter to Organizer Frank McCarthy of the American Federation of Labor members of the Russell Fire Club composed of privates in the Boston Fire Department, will fight such a procedure at a meeting to be held at No 694 Washington street, Thursday evening, January 29, it became known last night.

Though secrecy prevails in fire department circles regarding the withdrawal of the Russell Fire Club from the Federation, a reporter was able to learn that at a recent meeting of the directors of the firemen's union there was a protracted discussion of the benefits of organized labor in getting an increase in wages.

The matter of surrendering the charter came up at a meeting of the Russell Club last December and a motion was made and carried that the proposition be left to the board of directors and a committee composed of one man from each house connected with the department. A meeting of the directors and this committee was held last week and a vote was carried recommending the surrender of the charter.

Clover Girls to Dance

The Clover Girls will hold a dancing party tomorrow evening in Tremont Hall, West Broadway, South Boston.

Stevens Frees Mayor of Blame in Strike Riot

Report to Governor Is Called Back and Inference of Criticism Will Be Removed

The incident of the Adjutant-General's report to Governor Coolidge, heralded as a strong criticism of Mayor Peters' failure to call upon the State troops in time to avert riots on the night of the police walkout, has been closed.

It was learned last evening that Adjutant-General Stevens, far from wishing to criticise the Mayor, had withdrawn the report before its submission to the Governor that it might be so framed as to destroy the inference that such criticism was intended.

Governor Coolidge, when his attention was directed to published reports of the contents of the report, declared himself unwilling to receive a report which might be construed as critical of Mr. Peters. He conferred with the Adjutant General and the withdrawal of the report followed. Governor Coolidge did not see the original report in official form.

General Stevens' report declared that no call for assistance was received from Mayor Peters during the evening of lawlessness which followed the strike, and that it was 11:30 o'clock on the morning of the following day when the precept finally arrived from City Hall.

To Confirm Arlington Class

Bishop Babcock will confirm a class at St. John's Episcopal Church, Arlington, this morning at 10:45.

ELEVEN SEEK SINGLE BLISS

Seven Wives and Four Husbands in Middlesex Sue for Divorce

Alleging that her husband, William G. Welsh, deserted her on her wedding day, Mrs. Elizabeth G. Welsh of Malden has filed suit for divorce against him in Middlesex Superior Court at East Cambridge. She asks the custody of a minor child.

Mrs. Mildred V. Adams of Somerville alleges that John H. Adams, now of Shag Harbor, N. S., deserted her at Yarmouth, N. S., March 4, 1912.

Charles H. Gridley of Somerville charges Mrs. Mary T. M. Gridley, with cruel and abusive treatment.

Mrs. Marion H. Sweatt of Medford asks a divorce from Charles A. Sweatt of Medford, charging unfaithfulness. She asks the custody of two children.

Edward D. Bloom of Newton claims that Mrs. Emma B. Bloom of Newton deserted him on April 25, 1913.

Mrs. Helen M. Porter of Brookline sues John W. Porter of Wakefield. She alleges non-support and desertion on October 15, 1909. She asks the custody of two children.

William L. Milton of Malden claims Mrs. Laura H. Milton of Somerville deserted him on March 15, 1911. He asks the custody of a minor child.

Arthur C. Savage of Cambridge charges Mrs. Ida M. Savage of Cambridge with cruel and abusive treatment and unfaithfulness. He asks the custody of their two children.

Mrs. Gladys W. Davis of Somerville sues Walter E. Davis of Malden. She alleges desertion on June 15, 1916, and asks the custody of two children.

Mrs. Lydia B. Williams of Wavers sues Thomas E. Williams of Arlington. She alleges desertion on February 1, 1916.

Mrs. Margaret C. Krauthaus of Somerville charges Edward J. Krauthaus of Hingham with cruel and abusive treatment.

Professor Skinner to Preach

Professor Clarence R. Skinner of Tufts College will deliver the second sermon of a series before the New Community Church, in Steinert Hall, on Boylston street, this morning at 11 o'clock.

Annual Clearance Sale

For this week only we have marked down hundreds of items in good

SLIGHTLY USED FURNITURE

RUGS, BEDDING, PAINTINGS, PIANOS PHONOGRAPHS, BRIC-A-BRAC HANGINGS, ANTIQUES Etc., Etc.

Take advantage of this sale and see the largest and cleanest stock of its kind in New England, at prices that will induce you to buy now.

A. LOWENSTEIN & SONS

205 Columbus Ave., Cor. Berkeley St.

(Formerly Youths' Companion Bldg.)

Look for the Yellow Cut Price Tag

DYE THAT SKIRT, COAT OR BLOUSE

"Diamond Dyes" Make Old, Shabby, Faded Apparel Just Like New

Don't worry about perfect results. Use "Diamond Dyes," guaranteed to give a new, rich, fadeless color to any fabric, whether it be wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods—dresses, blouses, stockings, skirts, children's coats, feathers, draperies, coverings.

The Direction Book with each package tells so plainly how to diamond dye over any color that you cannot make a mistake.

To match any material, have druggist show you "Diamond Dye" Color Card.—Advertisement.

Magrane Houston Co.

SELLING OUT

Positively Going Out of Business When the Leases Expire April 1st, 1920 —In the Meantime

RADICAL PRICE REDUCTIONS

are the levers we are using to move this Half-Million Dollar Stock

A wonderful opportunity to supply not only present needs, but to anticipate future requirements as well.

FURS

Fine French Seal Coats, $175.00 values, for..... 175.00

Hudson Seal Coats, also 3 trimmed, $400.00 value, for..... 350.00

Manchurian Wolf Scarfs, very large.

$35.00 value, for..... 25.00
$25.00 value, for..... 18.50
$75.00 value, for..... 49.50

Wolf and Fox Scarfs, beautiful large open scarfs; $44.00 value..... 34.95

Hosiery

Women's Cashmere Hose, full fashioned, in heather, black and white. $1.50 value..... $1.00

Women's Silk Hose, in black, cordovan and white. $1.65 value 1.39

Women's Cotton Hose, medium weight, in cordovan, split foot, outsole and regular size, 35c value..... 29c

Women's Silk Lisle Hose, cordovan and black. 65c value 49c

Children's Ribbed Cotton Hose, in black only; sizes up to 9 50c value..... 45c

Curtains

$7.00 High Grade Etamine Curtains, hemstitched with beautiful lace trimmings, to close, pair..... 4.98

$12.50 Marie Antoinette Curtains, small bite, pair..... 8.95

$7.35 Scrim Curtains, hemstitched lace edges, as are, pair..... 1.39

Underwear

Pink Sateen Gowns, empire style, finished with blue ribbon. $2.50 value..... 2.00

Envelope Chemise, back and front of same fashion, hemstitched. $2.50 value..... 2.00

White Skirts, deep flounce of hamburg. $1.00 value..... 69c

DRESSES

Jersey and Serge Dresses, many pretty little models. $20.00 values..... 17.25

Street and Afternoon Dresses, materials Paillette, velour and serge. $29.50 values..... 21.50

Cotton Underwear

Sateen Petticoats, with fitted tops. $3.00 value..... 2.00

Gowns, high or V neck, hamburg trimmed. $2.50 value 1.85

Envelope Chemise, fine satin, back and front trimmed with batiste medallions. $1.50 value..... 98c

House Dresses

$8.00 to $8.00 Amoskeag Gingham Dresses, stripes and checks. Reduced to..... 5.95

Percale Dresses, waist lines, with 3-inch belts. $2.75 to $3.00 value..... 2.00

White P K Dresses, sizes 42 to 44, 3-inch belts, hemstitched collars and cuffs; worth $7.50 each. Closing out price..... 3.00

Maids' Uniform Dresses, plain black, white and stripes, at greatly reduced prices.

Percale Dresses, waist line models neatly tailored. $3.00 and $2.50 grades..... $2.50

Children's Shoes

Children's Button Boots, dull kid, cloth tops, sizes 7 to 8; also Children's White Kid Mary Jane Slippers; 8½ to 10½. $4.00..... 3.00

Little Gents' Storm Boots, 2 buckles, 2 full soles; 9 to 13½. $4.50..... 3.45

Misses' Lace Boots, black kid, high cut, 11½ to 2. $6.00..... 4.35

Growing Girls' Boots, high cut brown calf lace; 2½ to 7. $7.00..... 4.95

COATS

Women's and Misses' Coats, pom pom, kersey, silvertone and heavy coatings; $35.00 values..... 23.75

Women's and Misses' Coats, short and motor polo cloth coats, etc.; $40.00 27.75

Winter Coats, silvertones, bolivias, heavy coatings, $45.00 to $57.50 values..... 35.00

Bungalow Aprons

Percale Aprons Dresses, Billie Burke effects, neatly trimmed in contrasting colors. $2.25 grades. Closing out price..... 1.49

Percale Aprons, elastic waist and the belted patterns, $2.00 grades. Closing price..... 1.39

Pantry Aprons, double yoke front, stripes, plaids and neat black and white figures, made from fine grade percales. Special price..... 89c

Fine Lawn Aprons, with bibs, hamburg trimmed. $1.50 and $1.25 kind..... 79c

Misses' White Lawn Tea Aprons, lace and hamburg trimmed. $1.00 value. Closing price..... 59c

Women's Shoes

Women's Skating Boots, black and tan, 2½ to 4½..... 2.85

Women's Tan Calf Lace Boots, wing tips, Cuban heels. $10.00 6.75

Women's Coco Tan Calf Lace Boots, military heels. $12.50 8.75

Infants' Wear

Rubber Diaper Knit Bands, value 39c..... 25c

Beacon Blankets, bassinette size. Value $1.98..... 1.79c

Children's Gingham Dresses, odd lot; sizes 8 to 14 years. Value $2.95 to $3.50..... 2.95

Balance of Winter Millinery Reduced

Regardless of Former Prices

ALSO

HATS FOR IMMEDIATE WEAR

Underpriced at **$5.00, $6.00 and $7.50**

Georgette and Braids, Satin and Braid Hats

BASEMENT BARGAINS

500 Yards Table Damask, heavy quality, variety of attractive patterns; regular value $1.39. Yard..... 89c

Hemmed Bed Spreads, full bed size, heavy crochet, worth $3.75 to $4.50..... 2.98 and 3.79

Peasel Sheets, 72x76, 2x2½. Worth $3.45. Each..... 2.25

Thousands of Yards of Fine Percales, variety of new patterns, well covered designs, light effects, worth 25c. Yard..... 15c

Plain Colored Chambray, 32 inches wide, blues, pink, green, lavender and gray, worth 45c. Yard..... 29c

Pillow Cases, sold in dozen or ¼ dozen lots, fine standard grade of cotton, popular sizes, worth $6.00. Dozen..... 4.85

2300 Yards Crash Toweling, part linen, suitable for dish towels, worth 20c..... 5 yds. for 1.00 (Limited 10 yds. to customer)

This Reprinted Advertisement Lately Appeared in the 50th Anniversary Number of the American Grocer

S. S. PIERCE CO.

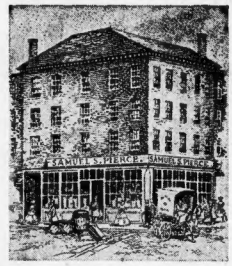
CORNER GROCERS

BOSTON, MASS.

OWNS AND USES

$1,254,900.00 (Assessed Value) of Unencumbered Real Estate

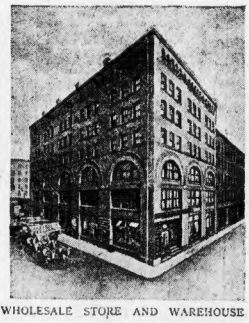
PIERCE BUILDING—COPLEY SQUARE STORE



OLD STORE IN 1831

BROOKLINE STORE

INTERIOR VIEW, COPLEY SQUARE STORE



WHOLESALE STORE AND WAREHOUSE

INTERIOR VIEW—BROOKLINE STORE

IN BUSINESS 89½ YEARS

Sales Increased Thirty-three Hundred Per Cent in the Last 50 Years

S. S. PIERCE CO. IMPORTERS AND GROCERS **BOSTON, MASS.**

CITY LOSES ON GARBAGE CONTRACTS

Fin. Com. Reveals Manner by Which Fictitious Increase Is Brought About

That the city loses money in the collection of city refuse in the suburban districts was charged yesterday by the Finance Commission in a communication to Mayor Peters.

Speaking of the "fictitious increase in the quantity of refuse collected, especially in the Dorchester district," the commission recommended a return to the old system of paying a monthly sum for refuse collected. It urged that the new system, under which evil practices have crept in, of paying by the cubic yard, be discard at once.

The commission, based its recommendations on a report from Chas. W. Emerson, its consulting engineer, and called attention to the fact that it had disapproved of the new contract system in a report of protest to the Mayor a year ago.

Blame for the loss to the city is not placed by the commission. But it points out that "the net financial result of the new system had been an increase of approximately $14,000, the greater part of which accrued in the Dorchester district."

DUMPS NAMED.

Address: "About $40,000 of this amount is for increased payments to the contractors and approximately $6,000 is the increased cost of supervision, a total one-half of which is due to raises in pay."

Any portion to conditions surrounding the collection of garbage in the Dorchester district, as discovered by engineering students from Technology employed by the commission as investigators, Mr. Emerson in his report said that "contractors have made their loads as light as possible in the carts in order to secure the greatest number of cubic yards."

He explained:

"The contractor is being paid for the cubical contents of his carts when level full. Therefore, it is not to the interest of the contractor to keep his loads. The measurement is made by the inspector after the cart or truck has been filled before its start for the dump, and not at the dump. As a consequence many loads are delivered at the dump are much below a full cart load, on account of the shaking and settlement during transportation. The matter of crowning of loads is of small importance in accounting for the discrepancies, the report added.

SEES NO DISHONESTY.

"No evidence," said Mr. Emerson, "has obtained by the commission's observers of dishonesty on the part of the employees of the city or the contractor. I believe that the above reason is the principal cause of the increase in yardage and that there has been little, if any, increase in tonnage over the year 1918."

Technology students inquiring at random found particularly bad conditions in Dorchester.

"Many complaints were made," said Mr. Emerson, "that collection methods have become so bad that in the summer it has been necessary to dispose of garbage by burning it in cook stoves, and that during the cold season frequent periods of as much as three weeks have elapsed without the garbage being collected, notwithstanding the fact that the contract provides that regular collections shall be made twice each week.

OTHER WORK IS O. K.

"As regards the ashes and miscellaneous refuse, although some complaints were made, the consensus of information is that during recent years collections have been in general regular and satisfactory, and that there has been no noticeable change over previous years."

The Finance Commission in its communication to the Mayor attacks a part of the contract now in vogue, which the commission states, seems to favor the Boston Development and Sanitary Company, to whom contractors deliver refuse which is dumped in East Boston.

Wedding Host Fined

Salem, Jan. 17.—For allowing a wedding ceremony to take place in his home while it was under quarantine for scarlet fever, Samuel Cormier was fined $25 by Judge George B. Sears in the District Court.

FIFTH VICTIM OF OLIVES DEAD

Serum Rushed from Washington May Save Last of Family

New York, Jan. 17.—Serum necessary to save the lives of two poison olive victims arrived here tonight from Washington. It was rushed by ambulance to Fordham Hospital where the patients, Angelo and Domilick Deibene, are two surviving members of a family of six, were in a critical condition.

Although Angelo was alive when the serum reached the institution he was dead before an injection could be given.

Physicians said they hoped to save the life of the other victim.

The additional serum was located in Washington, where experiments with it were being conducted by the United States Bureau of Animal Industries after an ineffectual effort had been made to get some of the anti-toxin in Boston from Dr. Edward Carl Rosenow, at the Harvard Medical School. He referred the hospital authorities to Dr. John McCoy in Washington.

The anti-toxin for botulism, the strange food poison, was perfected by Professor Robert Graham, head of the chemical department of the University of Illinois, and first used at Detroit in the cases of a number of persons who had fallen ill after eating olives.

Botulism, physicians say, is a tasteless, odorless, but frightfully potent poison, deposited in the food by a germ, which in itself is impotent. It cannot live in air, does not thrive or give off poison in the warmth of the body, but lives and breeds in sealed cans or exposed jars. There is no way to detect the presence of botulism, physicians say.

Smoke Talk at City Point

The Phillips Brooks Club, City Point, will have a smoke talk at its quarters on East Fourth street next Wednesday evening. Corporal J. M. Bond of the 101st Infantry will be the speaker.

Dog Discovers Bones of His Lost Master

Leads Searchers to Charred Body of Recluse in New Bedford

New Bedford, Jan. 17.—The hunting dog of Herbert Alleman, whose bungalow in the Haskell Settlement of this city was burned early this morning, today led searchers to the charred bones which were all that remained of Alleman.

The dog had been frantically running about in the neighborhood all day yesterday, when neighbors tried to quiet him and feed him, the animal would run back to the cellar of the burned house. Finally the dog was followed and the remains of Alleman were found where the dog had dug them out of the ashes and charred timbers.

Mystery surrounds Alleman's true identity, and his tragic death has brought to the surface the fact that for many years he lived in New England were highly eccentric. He was considered an eccentric recluse and his neighbors dismissed his peculiar actions as the idiosyncrasies of a disordered mind.

He leaves an estate, but no inventory of it has been made, nor does anyone in the city show who his heirs are.

FREE 'MOVIES' FOR POOR CHILDREN

Children of the West End will be able to see the "movies" every Saturday morning hereafter. Under the auspices of the Catholic Italian Civic League, assisted by volunteer representatives of various organizations and the management of the Lancaster Theatre, carefully selected motion pictures suitable for children will be shown at the theatre from 10 to 12 Saturday mornings. It is hoped to accommodate 1,000 children each Saturday. A nominal subscription of 10c will be asked for each child, but solicited to cover expenses, poor children to receive their tickets through the generosity of subscribers.

STUDENTS HEAR OLIVER LODGE

Eminent English Spiritist Lectures in Wellesley on "Unseen"

Sir Oliver Lodge, the eminent English scientist, arrived unostentatiously in Boston from New York early last evening, and proceeded to Wellesley, where he delivered his first American address before Dana Hall School and Wellesley College students and faculty in College Chapel.

Sir Oliver was accompanied by his wife, Lady Lodge. They came as the guests of Miss Helen Cook, principal of Dana Hall. Sir Oliver took as his subject for discussion "The Reality of the Unseen."

Devoting the greater part of his lecture to a resume of physical science, from astronomy to atoms, Sir Oliver defended the existence of a spiritual life. Offering no specific proof, he confined his address to abstracts of philosophy and Biblical quotations.

ETHEREAL SPIRITS.

Without reference to Raymond, his soldier son, who died in battle, the eminent spiritualist referred to a host of ethereal spirits.

"There is a place in philosophy," he declared, "for considerable of ether. Our scientists have considered mind and matter. Let them turn their thoughts to ether.

"Our present body is matter. Our next will be ethereal. Our senses are the screen which keeps us from comprehending the great unseen. We cannot fathom it because our very faculties forbid its understanding."

Referring to the process of evolution, Sir Oliver said: "We are but a modicum of higher growth. As we have succeeded many forms, so many forms will succeed us. There are as many stages ahead, perhaps, as behind."

Closing his address, he quoted a poem by Francis Thompson on "The Immortality of the Soul."

"Mind, character and affection," he concluded, "persist after death. There is no doubt of the eternal existence. I know whereof I speak."

GUESTS AT DANA HALL.

Sir Oliver and Lady Lodge will spend today with Miss Cook at Dana Hall. The scientist was suffering from a severe cold contracted from the New England weather which he was carefully nursing in anticipation of his scheduled lectures in Boston.

Sir Oliver will speak Tuesday at Symphony Hall on "Evidence of Survival" and on February 1 will make his second Boston address upon "The Destiny of Man," also at Symphony Hall.

His concluding Boston lecture will be upon the same subject as he addressed the students of Dana and Wellesley last evening, the "Reality of the Unseen." The date set is February 2.

Lady Lodge is a petite English woman of exceptional beauty. The maids declared that they have enjoyed their stay in America to date and were overwhelmed with the highest courtesy and attention.

John Spargo to Speak

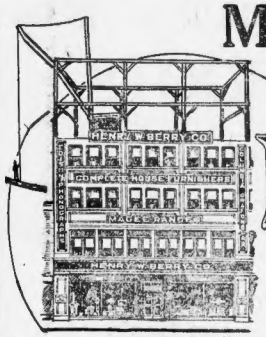
John Spargo, writer on socialistic subjects, will speak this evening before Aldermen and Councilman William C. Sundersen of the North Everett Improvement Association. Next Friday night a permanent organization will be perfected.

WOODLAWN CITIZENS FORM ASSOCIATION

An improvement association, composed of about seventy-five citizens and taxpayers of the Woodlawn district of Everett, has been formed in that city. The following have been elected temporary officers: Charles H. Paisley, president; Harry Peal, vice president; J. H. Towle, treasurer, and John F. Nichols, secretary.

The association at its first meeting was addressed by Dr. William F. Mackey, president of the Everett Board of Aldermen, and Councilman William C. Sundersen of the North Everett Improvement Association. Next Friday night a permanent organization will be perfected.

More Good News



Walsh Bros., Contractors, served notice that more room was necessary to permit them to work effectively on our alterations. These are strict orders, and our great

Reconstruction Sale

becomes of greater attraction, for DOWN GO PRICES as a result.

Come to Central Square any day this week and save more money on furniture than you ever saved before.

Goods Held Free Until Wanted.

Solid Oak Dining Room Suite

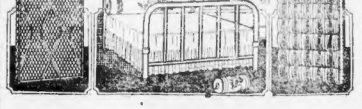
Six pieces (Buffet, Table and 4 Chairs); finished in golden oak; buffet has plate mirror; table extends to 6 feet.

Regular price $120.00 *Sale Price* **$95.00**

Bed Outfit Complete

Full-sized White Enamel Bed, Comfortable White Cross Combination Mattress and a National Spring; also may be had in small sizes.

Regular price $47.50 *Sale Price* **$34.50**



Sectional Bookcases

A useful and practical article in any house. Finished in mahogany or oak. Complete with sliding doors.

Regular price $32.50
Sale Price $24.50

Floor Lamps

By far the largest and most exclusive collection of lamps you will find anywhere.

Sale Price $25 up

Library Table

In mahogany, walnut or oak. A large variety of new and different designs to select from. Also the popular period styles. Table like illustration.

Regular Price $42.50
Sale Price $23.00

Comfortable Chairs and Rockers

A very large selection of overstuffed chairs and rockers, upholstered in figured denims, velour, tapestry and leather. Rocker like illustration, upholstered in high grade tapestry.

Regular Price $72.00
Sale Price $51.00

OPEN MONDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS

Berry's 3 STORES

505-507 Mass. Ave. (Central Square) Cambridge
Waltham: 96-98 Moody Street
Somerville: 1 Davis Square

Full Value Allowed for Liberty Bonds

Free Auto Delivery Within 50 Miles of Boston

Filene's

—in which we attend a fur auction

and come home with some gems!

MORE in a spirit of not wanting to miss any opportunity than in the hope of buying furs materially underprice, we accepted an invitation last Tuesday and Wednesday to attend a private auction of furs. This auction was held by what is probably the most prominent and reliable fur house in New York. Only five invitations were sent to stores in large cities; the others invited were the heads of small, exclusive fur shops all over the country.

The Scarfs and Muffs we bought at the auction

14 Fox scarfs . . . $37.50
6 Fox scarfs . . . $50.
9 Fox scarfs . . . $62.50
3 Natural Skunk scarfs $62.50
3 Natural skunk scarfs . . . . . $50.
8 Fox muffs . . . $25.
14 Fox muffs . . . $37.50
6 Fox Muffs . . . $50.
3 Natural Skunk muffs $37.50
3 Natural Skunk muffs . . . . . $25.
6 Natural skunk muffs . . . . . $50.
1 Natural skunk muff $62.50
1 Natural squirrel stole . . . $125.
2 Natural squirrel muffs . . . $62.50
3 Fisher animal scarfs . . . . . $75.
3 Hudson Seal muffs . . . . . $25.

The object of this auction was to turn into cash a large part of their made-up furs for 1919-1920.

There were no two stores in the same city represented. Hence there was none of the high b'dding by rival stores "to keep the other fellow from getting it."

Buying furs at auction in this way (each small lot was auctioned separately) we could buy only those which came up to our exceedingly high standards, and on which we can save our customers an appreciable amount of money.

The fur coats, scarfs and muffs will be

LESS than what the same furs will probably cost next year—

and in many cases

LESS than the cost of skins alone!

We shall pass along the same opportunities to save that we found at the auction!

The Coats from the auction

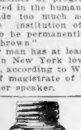
4 Raccoon coats, small sizes . . . . $125.
1 Hudson seal coat, beaver trimmed . . . . . $500.
3 Australian opossum coats . . . $175.
1 Australian opossum coat . . . . $325.
2 Australian opossum coats . . . $295.
3 Natural muskrat coats, plain and trimmed . . . . $250.
2 Natural black muskrat coats . $375.
1 Mole coat . . . $395.
1 Hudson seal coatee, squirrel collar . . . . . $95.
2 Hudson seal coatees . . . . . $175.
2 Hudson seal coatees . . . . . $195.
2 Hudson seal coatees . . . . . $250.
6 Marmot coats . $75.
6 Marmot coats . $95.

BUTLER PREDICTS SOCIALIST FAILURE

New York, Jan. 17.—A prediction that the institution of private property never would be permanently or even long overthrown by Socialistic programs was made at the meeting of the New York State Bar Association today by Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia University, and a candidate for the Republican nomination for President.

"To carry out the full Socialist program as to property is quite impracticable," he said, "even if that program rested on a sound, instead of on a false basis of theory. Private property may be temporarily endangered or destroyed, as for example by the turbulent terrorism which now holds the Russian people in its grip; but the instinct of progress is too deeply rooted in the human race, and it has made too much advance to permit the institution of private property to be permanently or even long overthrown."

The poor man has at least as good a chance in New York lower courts as the rich, according to William McAdoo, chief magistrate of New York city, another speaker.



THIS is **Salicon.**

It is so different from any medicine you have ever taken we desire to tell you something about its action, for rightly used, **Salicon** will prove so wonderfully effective you will use it successfully for a multitude of ills.

Salicon is a germicide.

It passes into the circulating blood and sterilizes it.

When the blood is in a sterile condition, no germ can live in it.

Immediately fever is reduced colds disappear; rheumatism, neuralgia, neuritis, sciatica, pleurisy, lumbago and kindred ills quickly yield to it.

To accomplish this, *you must take enough of it.*

How much is enough?

The amounts necessary, vary greatly. No two colds for instance are alike.

As a general rule, when a cold is just starting, two or three tablets will stop it so quickly that in half an hour you will forget you had a cold.

If the cold is well established, you should take two tablets an hour. Usually 15 to 18 tablets will break it, and especially if you will take a seidlitz powder or some other mild cathartic on going to bed.

You will know when you have taken enough Salicon, for the trouble leaves suddenly when the system has taken up enough of it to reach every part.

Do not be afraid of taking too much, for **Salicon** is harmless and in pneumonia doctors have carried the treatment as high as 120 tablets.

Such an extreme is seldom necessary but we cite it to show you that when an emergency arises, **Salicon** can be called on and will do the work demanded of it.

During the epidemic of Spanish Influenza, the Medical Officers in charge of the Massachusetts State Camps found that from 20 to 24 tablets were necessary to break the disease. It is interesting to know that the members of the State Guard stationed at these camps were required to take two tablets of Salicon while on duty as a preventive and we are informed that not a case of the influenza developed among them.

Salicon will relieve headache, backache, earache, toothache and other pains. Three or four tablets are usually enough. It will spare you many hours of misery if you will only remembeer Salicon and use it.

Salicon is prescribed by some physicians for insomnia and other nervous troubles. It is very quieting and it is not in the slightest degree habit-forming. You do not have to take ever-increasing amounts to get the desired results even though you have taken **Salicon** at different times for a long period.

Do not try to hurry your treatment by taking a large number of tablets at a time. Medicine is always more effective if taken in small, frequently repeated doses. Two tablets an hour will give you best results.

Salicon is prescribed by physicians.

It is kept constantly on hand in some of the departments of the Massachusetts State House, hospitals, manufacturing companies, insurance companies, banks, business houses, etc., etc.

It is used by countless thousands of people.

Try it according to the directions on the label and spread the news of the results you get to all your friends.

Most druggists have **Salicon** in stock in three sizes, bottles of 12 tablets, 25c, bottles of 30 tablets, 50c., and bottles of 100 tablets, $1.25.

Any druggist who hasn't it now, can get it for you easily as his wholesaler has it.

A sample bottle will be sent free on request. Enclose a two-cent stamp for postage and mention this newspaper.

K. A. HUGHES COMPANY
Boston, Mass.

'SOLDIER BOY BETTER THAN RICH IDLER'

Former Mrs. Kendall Happy as Bride of Roberts, Heroic British Ace

WEDDING SURPRISE TO NORTH SHORE

'Few Interesting Men in Society,' Millionairess Says

Fashionable society lacks "real men." Straight from the pretty mouth of a million-dollar patroness comes the assertion that there are few interesting men in the ranks of the rich, and that heirs to wealth never do worthwhile things.

Mrs. Edward Matthew Roberts, formerly Mrs. Lyman Kendall, America's richest divorcee, honeymooning with a brand new husband, has voiced her opinion of the elite with whom she's moved. Washing her soul of the "petty gossip and jealousies of society," Mrs. Roberts has started life anew with her soldier-husband.

Boston and North Shore society folk, knowing the bride, were thunderstruck when they received announcements of the wedding of Mrs. Kendall to an unknown soldier.

"I'm awfully in love with my soldier boy," confessed the bride of Britain's valiant ace, "and we're the happiest couple on earth. The terrible years following my divorce seem like bad dreams now. I've found the man of men, and despair has passed from my life forever.

"RICH MEN NOT HEROES."

"So few really interesting men are to be found in society that they're almost negligible. Rich men never do worthwhile things. My husband walks no social glories, but he's brave and fearless—a hero through and through."

Rapturously she told of her new love affair. Tracing it from its inception, she asserted that she had found true love at last.

"One night in a down-town club," she declared, "I met a friend, Captain Charles Hesser-and, by the way, it was Mr. Hesser who introduced Mr. Kendall to Betty Leé, the actress he since wedded—and he asked me if he might bring some lately returned officers to tea.

"I was so unhappy over my pending divorce that I fear I was not a very cheerful hostess. When my guests rose to go, I was struck with Captain Roberts' handsome face and manly bearing. And I wished that I had exerted myself a bit more.

"But fate was kind, and I met him again shortly afterward. Within a few days, he asked permission to escort me to dinner. When he called for me, I noticed his pallor, but before I could speak, he swooned in the doorway. For several days he lay seriously ill in my home at Bar Harbor. Finally surgeons removed several pieces of shrapnel from his poor body, and then my captain put up such a strong, splendid fight."

The bride's girlish face, framed in curly, bobbed hair, colored with excitement, and her blue eyes twinkled in the old Nellie Ballentine way, as she described her fine young "soldier boy."

OLDER THAN HUSBAND.

"He is tall and dashing, with very black, snappy eyes, and a set, determined chin. I call him my boy because I've sort of mothered him from the beginning. His age in years is thirty-three, but in life and experience it is more.

"Young? Yes, but I love young people. I could never endure life among crabby old people who are afraid of air and exercise and life itself. And though I am older than he I know we are going to be happy.

"My friends, those who are worth calling friends, will be glad of my happiness, I know. The others do not count. I have no social ambitions. In truth, the whole thing disgusts me. I dislike the affected men and the artificial women who so largely make up its ranks, the false who fear to be natural.

"Gossip has it that my future husband was a chauffeur. I believe he was at one time, but a rattling good one, as proved by his speedy advancement in the air service. And I am proud of efficiency in anything.

"I have had the most absurd letters from all kinds of men asking my hand in marriage, assuring me they weren't seeking my money. They gave me many good, merry laughs on dull days last Summer at Bar Harbor. I have a good sense of humor, and—thank goodness—a level head.

Captain Roberts is the man of all for me. He likes me for myself. We are great companions and have the same ideas of life. We expect to be very happy in the old-fashioned way.

"Life has taught me to take happiness where I find it, so long as I harm no one in the taking. The years can be gay, or dull and colorless. I love the color, the dancing and frolicking and the great big out of doors. That's why I sold my Bar Harbor place and am going now to take a camp deep in the Maine woods, where life is real, as it was intended to be, and where the air is sweet, free from the petty gossip and jealousies of fashionable society."

Twenty odd years ago Mrs. Roberts was "little Nellie Ballentine," Her father was running for the governorship of Idaho, and pretty Nellie went to a great political ball in Boise. She was wearing her first long train, and somehow she became all tangled up in it. In little girl fashion, she twisted and she squirmed. Then came a tall and handsome stranger to extricate her. It was Lyman Kendall, young Lochinvar from out of the South.

Before the evening was over, little Nellie Ballentine was engaged to him.

Kendall was then making $65 a month. And his lovely fiancee had sworn she'd never marry a man with less than $7,000 in the bank. So they set out together to make it. In two years Kendall had the prescribed sum all banked—and the two were married.

SAID DIVORCE MISTAKE.

Then, through all the years, wealth came rolling in. Together they played the stock market. And life, apparently, held naught but happiness for them.

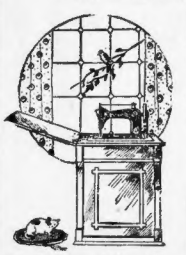
Then suddenly, after nearly a generation of marital bliss, came news of their divorce. Like a bolt from the blue, the decree was made public, and announcement of alimony made. Mr Kendall had given his former wife $100,000 a year unrestricted alimony, a million-dollar home in New York, an estate at Bar Harbor and a priceless collection of art.

A day or two after Mrs. Kendall got her divorce and all her riches she was astonished to find that she never really wanted her husband to leave her. She said so at length in the newspapers. Lyman still loved her, she declared, and she loved him. There was neither man nor woman in the case, and the divorce had all been a mistake.

Yet the ink upon the decree was hardly dry before news came that Mr. Kendall had married Betty Leé, a lovely actress. And, of all the world, his own ex-wife was most surprised. That was six months ago. Today the fair divorcee has emulated the example of her dashing husband —and everybody's happy.

R.H.White Co.

The Second Week of Our Mark-Down Sale of SEWING MACHINES



Domestic Library Cabinet, $58

LAST week we sold a great many sewing machines. Many women recognized the values.

But there are a number of machines remaining, dropheads and cabinets, including the best-known makes.

Every Machine Is Fully Guaranteed

Club Terms
$1.00 Per Week

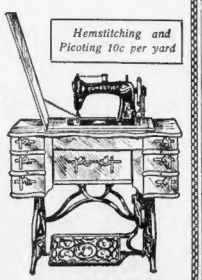
Included are many of the well known

Domestic, Rotary Vibrator, Sit-Rite and Electric

Machines, For Which We Are Exclusive Agents in Boston

8 Willard Machines New **$38.00**	***2 Singer Machines*** Floor Samples **$29.50**
3 Domestic Cabinet Machines New **$58.00**	***2 White Rotary Machines*** Floor Samples **$39.00**
6 Willard Parlor Machines Cabinet, New **$49.50**	***5 Emblem Machines*** New **$25.50**
2 Cosmo Machines New **$28.50**	***2 Free Machines*** Floor Samples **$39.50**

Hemstitching and Picoting 10c per yard



Domestic Sit-Rite, $49.50

Repairing all makes of machines a specialty. Work done reasonably and guaranteed. Estimates Free.

Mail and Telephone Orders Filled on New Machines Only
Third Floor—Centre

MRS. EDWARD M. ROBERTS, rich divorcee, formerly Mrs. Lyman Kendall, and her husband, Captain Edward M. Roberts.

This Columbia E-2
AND 10 RECORDS

In all wood finishes, including **American Walnut,** without extra charge. A full cabinet model of dignity and beauty, with superb tone quality.

For $2.25 a Week!

The first small payment on the instrument and the purchase of ten records secures immediate delivery of any wood finish you select.

Largest Collection of Perfect Records in Boston

We guarantee every record we sell to be in perfect condition. If you know the selections you want—

It is not necessary to play the Records in the store unless you wish

PHONOGRAPH STORE—TEMPLE PLACE—THIRD FLOOR

The New "Repeato-graph"
—fits any Victrola and plays the record over and over—time for dancing.

SHEPARD STORES
COURTESY THE KEYNOTE OF SHEPARD SERVICE

Ask for Catalogues of Victor or Columbia Records—sent free upon request.

THE SHEPARD STORES

The Most Startling Example of What Our Efforts Can Do to Curb Rising Prices

Three Thousand and Eighteen Pairs of $12.00 to $18.00

DOROTHY DODD BOOTS

Go On Sale Tomorrow—Monday

6.45

All Are This Season's Manufacture

The Boots—

Regularly Marked $12.00 to $18.00

The highest quality in material, workmanship and design made by this great manufacturer.

Even if you have not been in the habit of wearing boots of this type you will find in them the wearing qualities, the comfort and utility of high priced boots of any style.

We wish to emphasize the fact that the styles, colors and materials are distinctly smart and up-to-the-minute.

All sizes from 3 to 8, and every width.

The Boots—

Regularly Marked $12.00 to $18.00

There are 75 distinct styles.

Each one representing the Fashion of this season.

The heels are Louis, Cuban and military. The colors are Dark Gray, Light Gray, Beaver, Brown, Field Mouse.

There are also a number with black patent leather vamps and tops of silk or fine kidskin.

Exquisite boots, too, of suede in Dark or Light Gray.

The materials in every case are the finest —the workmanship of the highest excellence.

Don't Underestimate the Full Meaning of This Extraordinary Event—

At this very moment boots identical with these are being displayed and sold throughout the country at the regular prices—$12.00 to $18.00.

There is absolutely no reason as far as style, popularity, material or workmanship go, why there should be any reduction in price.

This opportunity comes to you because we are in close touch with the manufacturer, who was unable last Fall to make shipments promptly. When these boots were finally ready for delivery merchants had cancelled their orders.

You will therefore find in many of the boots the names of stores throughout the country who ordered these boots for October and were unable to get them.

A total of $45,000.00 worth of the highest quality boots at $19,500.00—much less than half.

Added Space and Extra Fitters Have Been Provided

We have extended The Shoe Store for this sale out into the Thoroughfare—where chairs are placed for fitting.

Boots of only one size will be placed on each table. They will be plainly marked.

Extra salespeople and fitters have been provided.

Everything is ready to make this the most remarkable offering of value in the history of Boston.

The Sale begins promptly at 9 A. M. Tomorrow, Monday, January 19.

SHEPARD STORES
COURTESY THE KEYNOTE OF SHEPARD SERVICE

All Entrances lead to The Shoe Store and Thoroughfare Tables—First Floor.